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JOSHUA GRAY,
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PROVIDENCE,
FINE JEWELRY and WATCHES,
SUCH AS GOLD OPERA, GUARD, LEONTINE, VEST AND NECK CHAINS,

And a great variety of Rich Sets of Jewelry, Diamond Rings and Pins, Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Amethyst, Onyx, Pearl, Garnet, and a large lot of other Rings, together with many articles in Fine Jewelry not here mentioned. A very rich and well selected stock of Ladies' and Gents'
Gold & Silver watches. Solid Silver and Silver Plated Ware.
dec2 JOSHUA GRAY.

Edwin C. Blain,
164 THAMES STREET,
Having secured the agency of the celebrated
BOREL AND COURVOISIER WATCH
NEUCHATEL,
Is now prepared to sell a first-class watch, as regards both Case and Movement, at a reasonable price, suitable for ladies and gentlemen.
Also American Watches for sale.
jy31

Ladies and Gents' Gold and Silver Watches, Lockets, Charms, Crosses, Seal Rings, &c.
Also a new and desirable stock of Fancy articles just imported. A full assortment of Solid Silver and Plated Ware, at
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THESE SPECTACLES are manufactured from "MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES" melted together, and are called Diamond on account of their hardness and brilliancy. It is well known that spectacles cut from Brazilian or Scotch pebbles are very injurious to the eye, because of their polarizing light. Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent. less heated rays than any other pebble. They are ground with great scientific accuracy, are free from chromatic aberrations, and produces a brightness and distinctness of vision not before attained in spectacles.
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A CHOICE LOT OF
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OF THE CELEBRATED
STEWART'S PARLOR STOVES
ON HAND AND FOR SALE CHEAP
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WM. K. COVELL, JR.,
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—OR—
The Philadelphia.
THE BEST IN THE MARKET!
All who need a Lawn Mower, either for small or large lawn, should examine the merits of these machines.
Prices from $15.00 to $30.00.
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White, Clean, Sound Teeth
All may have by using daily
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Ivory Pearl Tooth Powder!
Price 25 and 50 cents Per Bottle.

BEAUTIFUL SOFT GLOSSY HAIR!
All desire it, all may have it by constant use of
Thompson's Pomade Optime.
Price 25 and 50 cents Per Bottle.

Light colored Kid Gloves are very stylish when not soiled.
Jouven's Inodorous Kid Glove Cleaner.
Will renovate them thoroughly, 25 cents per bottle.
All sold by druggists and Fancy Dealers.
F. C. WELLS & CO., New York Wholesale Agent.

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(Formerly connected with the Providence Steam Marble Co.)
Manufacturers of
MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS,
Headstones, Cabinet and Wash Bowl Slabs, Soapstone Fireplaces, Sinks, Wash Tubs, &c.
All kinds of Granite furnished to order.
430 HIGH ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.
A. T. FARNUM, J. W. FARNUM
nov21-n&l

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WEATHER STRIPS for doors and windows, and applied if wished, at WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
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ESTABLISHED 1745.

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128 Years of Successful Engagements.

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WOULD respectfully say to the citizens and visitors of Newport that they are prepared to do first-class
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IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. OUR
PAPER HANGING
WILL BE EXECUTED BY
MR. D. M. HAMMOND,
who is acknowledged paper hanger of the age. Our imitations of Wood, Stone and Marble cannot be excelled. Hard woods filled and polished by an entirely new process, and warranted to give satisfaction.

SIGN PAINTING.
GLASS GILDING, SHOW CARDS, CURTAINS, &c.,
NEATLY EXECUTED BY
MR. J. R. HOWE.,
who stands without a rival in this branch of his profession.
Ornamental Painting, Bronzing, Wood Gilding, &c.,
promptly attended to, and faithfully executed, at
143 THAMES ST.
sep9

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Pictures, Brackets, Wall Pockets,
CARVED WALNUT ORNAMENTS,
CHAIRS, TABLES,
AT
M. COTTRELL'S,
1 & 2 COTTRELL BLOCK.
dec3 Next South of Post Office.

Furniture! Furniture! Furniture!
HAVING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOOD AND
Fashionable Furniture
On hand and wishing to dispose of it to make room for Spring Goods, we will sell it at low rates. We would invite our friends and others in want of anything in our line to call and see if we cannot do you good.
Langley & Bennett,
10 Franklin St.
feb 12

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J. L. & G. A. HAZARD,
Manufacturers and dealers in
First-Class Furniture
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
NO. 23 CHURCH STREET.
TURNING, Carving and Upholstering in every style on short notice.
☞ Original Drawings and Plans furnished and everything warranted

LANGLEY & BENNETT,
Funeral and Furnishing Undertakers.
Warerooms, 10 Franklin St.
☞ Caskets and Coffins of any description, and all the duties required of an Undertaker, promptly attended to. feb12

MRS. M. O'HAGAN,
5 Downing's Block.
SELLING OFF to close up her summer business, a large lot of ladies' undergarments
Shawls! Suits, Sacques, &c.! &c.
A good assortment of Millinery, Round Hats and Bonnets. Some of them
JUST RECEIVED FROM PARIS.
Will be sold very low. All goods marked down to close. sep24

New Sacks and Cloaks.
OPENED on Saturday a new lot of Sacks, Dolman pattern, also Water Proof Cloaks, and a fresh lot of Trimmings, Buttons, &c., &c., at the same prices. WM. C. COZZENS & CO., No. 74 Thames street

Cheap Calicoes.
ONE CASE nice dark calicoes in remnants, for sale very cheap, at WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
November 1d.

S. T. FRAPRIE,
(SUCCESSOR TO GEO. W. FRAPRIE,)
Book Binder and Blank Book Manufacturer.
37 NORTH MAIN ST., Over Mt. Hope Market,
Fall River, Mass.
All kinds of Printed Work, as Magazines, Pamphlets, Newspapers, Music, &c., bound in any desired style, at short notice. ☞ Orders left at Wm. P. Harber's bookstore, or at NEWS office. nov3

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S. T. Hubbard,
At 57 Thames Street,
Keeps constantly on hand a full line of
Flour, Teas, Fresh Ground Coffees and Spices, Lard, Hams, Fine Fresh Butter, Cheese,
Fresh Baked Crackers,
Pickles and Preserves,
Also all Kinds of Fruit and Vegetables, in their season.
☞ Goods delivered in any part of the city, free of charge. mar6

NEW CROP
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
AT
CORNELL'S.
dec3 **17 & 19 Broad street.**

Just Received!
A CHOICE LOT OF
BUCKWHEAT,
Haxal & St. Louis FLOURS!
Which we are selling very cheap for cash. Also Fresh Ground GRAHAM and RYE MEAL, OAT MEAL and CRUSHED WHEAT, BOLTED and RHODE ISLAND MEAL
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Corn, Oats, and Feed Meal, Hay, Straw, and Turks' Island Salt,
J. PECKHAM & CO.,
no1 Commercial Wharf, Newport, R. I.

Newport, Jan. 6, 1873.
THE SUBSCRIBER having repurchased the stock in Store
223 THAMES STREET,
Will be prepared to meet his former friends and customers, and by strict attention to business, hopes to merit a share of their custom at the
Meat and Grocery,
No. 223 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.
(opposite the Post Office.)
n7 **R. D. SCOTT.**

C. G. Handy & Son, Agents,
—DEALERS IN—
Choice Family Groceries, Fresh and Salt Provisions,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS, &c.
AT No. 220 THAMES, CORNER OF CANNON STREET,
And three Doors South of Post Office.
We are now prepared to furnish the above named Goods, in all their variety, at extremely low prices for CASH, or approved credit.
Our former customers are particularly invited to call and see us, as well as the public generally.
A Large Stock of Excellent Flour on hand, to be sold by the Barrel or Bag,
DECIDEDLY CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK!
GOOD FLOUR $1.25 per Bag. Butter, 3 pounds for $1; 14 pounds good Currants for $1; 7 pounds best Layer Raisins, for $1; ½ box Layer Raisins, cheap; Hickory Nuts, 10 cents per quart. Best New Layer Figs, 20 cents per pound, Good Japan Tea, 60 cents per pound.
—AT—
LUTHER & CO'S.,
dec11 93 THAMES STREET.

THE NEWPORT TEA CO.
Teas! Teas!! Teas!!!
A GOOD, sweet drawing
English Breakfast Tea, 4 lbs. for $1.
ALSO A FINE
Oolong, 3 pounds for $1.00.
A liberal discount to jobbers.
P. Bryer's
15 Broad Street.
may2

Bricks.

CROTON FRONTS, Brown, Dark and Ice Brick also Haverstraw and Long Island Brick Hunder sheds, at
HAMMETT'S LUMBER YARD,
mar10 231 Thames Street.

The Novelty of the Season!
ECONOMY, UTILITY, DURABILITY,
—THE—
MAGIC INKSTAND
PRODUCES INK FOR EVERY DAY USE, SIMPLY BY ADDING PURE WATER.
THESE Inks do not oxidize the pens, are unchangeable and indestructible; they resist the most powerful acids, and are therefore, invaluable for checks, drafts, administrative deeds or legal documents.
PRICE $2.00,
R. C. ROOT, ANTHONY & CO.,
62 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK.
BUGBEE & HALL,
67 Westminster St.,
Agents for Rhode Island.
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A. L. BURDICK,
House and Sign Painter.
THE business carried on in all its branches and all work warranted to be done according to contract.
Carriage Painting
done in the best style, and at reasonable prices.
☞SHOPS—rd 158 Spring street, at A. Stevens building corner Spring and Barney streets, and on Weaver street, rear of Ocean House. jan7-n&l

Cheap Chintz.
THE cheapest Cretonne Chintz, fast colors, selling at 33 cents, worth double that price, at WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
3c21

The New Improved ÆTNA SEWING MACHINE
Makes a firm, handsome stitch, alike on both sides.
Runs the easiest, lasts the longest, and will give you the best satisfaction.
C. BANNING, AGENT,
jan7-n&l-tf **29 Broad street.**

Clothing.

Tailoring Establishment.
—o—
THOMAS M. NORMAN,
Having taken one of the stores in Public Library Building,
176 THAMES ST.,
Would be pleased to attend to his former customer and all others who will favor him with a call.
Thanking his friends and customers for their liberal patronage bestowed in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same in the future, which he will endeavor to appreciate. feb5

GO TO W. C. LANGLEY'S
AND BUY CLOTH FOR AN
OVERCOAT,
SUIT OF CLOTHES,
or SINGLE GARMENT,
OF LADIES' SACK,
At the present reduced prices. dec16-n1

NEW
FALL GOODS!
—RECEIVED BY—
GOULD & SON,
Tailors,
70 THAMES STREET.

Cheap Woolen Goods,
For Men and Boy's wear, For Sale at
WILLIAM R. SWAN'S
Jan27 No. 168 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Photography.

Something New in Photography.
JUST RECEIVED an improved instrument which will take Tin Types, carte de visite which sell at the low price of four for $1.
A. WILLIAMS,
THE "ORIGINAL."
2 Downings' Block.

New Photographic Rooms!
[Over C. E. Hammett, Jr's. Book Store.]
124 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.
HAVING leased rooms in the above building and fitted them up, I am prepared to take PORTRAITS from life or make copies from other pictures, and finish them in black or colors, in the best styles of the art.
N. B. Particular attention paid to copying pictures from DAGUERREOTYPES, AMBROTYPES, &c.
P. T. SHARP, 124 Thames street.
no1

SPENCER & BRAINERD,
Manufacturers of
Fine Coach and Single Harness, Trunks, &c.,
NO. 8 DOWNING'S BLOCK,
BELLEVUE AVENUE, NEWPORT, R. I.
☞ Harnesses and trunks repaired on short notice.
June12

B. BATEMAN. G. S. GARDINER.
BATEMAN & GARDNER,
NEWPORT MARKET.
PELHAM STREET, OPPOSITE U. S. HOTEL,
NEWPORT, R. I.,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Meats, Poultry, Game, Lard, Salmon, Hams, Tongues, Eggs, Butter,
Fruits of all kinds, and Vegetables.
mar11

BOYNTON'S
"New" Baltimore Fire Place Heater.
THIS BEAUTIFUL
SELF-FEEDING HEATER
has all the advantages of the old pattern, with important improvements which add much to its beauty and efficiency. For sale by
BROWN, GODDARD & BARLOW,
sep9 Sole Agents for Newport

At No. 90.
PICTURES! Camp Chairs! Children's Rockers! Easy Chairs! Bible and Hymnal Stands!
Fancy Frames!
Work Stands! Blacking Boxes! Writing Desks Piano Stools! Slipper Boxes! Wall Pockets! &c., &c., &c.
STAFFORD BRYER.
dec29

The Rhode Island SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
Of Providence, R. I.,
IN ATLANTIC BUILDING, NO. 47 WESTMINSTER STREET, COR. EXCHANGE STREET.
(Entrance through Rooms of the First National Bank), offers for Rent, safes inside its
FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF VAULT,
At prices ranging from $15 to $75 per annum. Will receive on deposit for safe keeping, under GUARANTEE OF THE COMPANY, Government, and other Bonds and securities, Coin, Bullion, Plate, &c.
It is believed to be the strongest vault ever built for resistance to
Fire and Burglars.
ARMED WATCHMEN will be on duty day and night. A TELEGRAPH connects the premises with the Police Station.
Open daily from 9 A. M., to 4 P. M., Sundays and Holidays excepted.
The public are invited to visit the premises, whether for business or from curiosity. Circulars mailed to any address.
ARNA B. HIKE, Pres. JOSHUA WILBOUR, Sec.
dec17 WM. A. SUTTON, Supt.

Newport Daily News.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1874.

TERRA-COTTA

ITS MANUFACTURE AND ADAPTABILITY FOR ORNAMENTS—HOW IT IS WORKED.

Terra-cottais, at the present day, prosecuted with greater enterprise than hitherto: great authorities speak highly in its favor, even where stone is plentiful; but where there is a scarcity of the latter, buildings in terra cotta are more frequently adopted, and it is not uncommon that decayed stones in ancient buildings are replaced by this imperishable material. To estimate the shrinkage which any design will undergo from being formed in a plastic state to its being turned out thoroughly burned, is one of the great difficulties attending this department, and when great exactness is required burnt clay, after being reduced to a fine powder, is mixed in a certain proportion with the raw clay to diminish the shrinkage to the utmost. Many compositions are used in the production of it; for instance, in various parts of England the natural clays are mixed with varid proportions of kaolin or china clay, Cornish stone, ground flint, etc., to make up a durable substance, and this composition is held to produce very fine work.

Terra-cottas are made in various colors so that, when required for the replacing of decayed stones, the tints of the two may be exactly similar. The color is frequently merely washed on the surface, but in these cases the slightest chip or abrasion reveals a different shade, which is most objectionable, and it is, therefore, necessary, that the color penetrates the whole substance. To effect this coloring ingredient is added when the clay is in a dry state and properly mixed: it then goes through the batching pans, where water is applied to make it plastic.

The numerous designs in plain and ornamental chimney cans, seems to be inconformity with the style of the various buildings erected, form themselves a very extensive stock. Other architectural work, such as balustrading columns, capitals, cornices, etc., and apart from the more useful productions are highly ornamental, such as fountains, vases, garden ornaments and decorations, all of which swell the list of manufactures from fine clay, causing them to form a very important outlet for labor, in which no small proportion of skilled labor is required.

A class of work to which the highest skilled labor is applied is in the production of statuary, and from the variety of processes through which it has to pass, it will be inferred that very great expense attends it. The first and most important part is to select an artist of undoubted skill, thoroughly acquainted with the plastic substance in which his design is to be cast, who completes the model, plaster of paris is then made up to the consistency of cream and poured uniformly over the whole surface to such a thickness as to give it a proper substance, and in this are placed small iron rods which act as ties and give strength to the mold; the plaster of paris now stands sufficiently long till it sets, and speedily attaining a firmness, it is inverted and the subject taken from it. The artist then examines the whole very carefully, touching up with a small tool any imperfection, after which it is put on the stove for a day or so to be properly hardened before the mold can be said to be completed. These molds in various subjects are very intricate, and consist of numerous parts, all of which are fitted together in such a way that each of the parts can be independently disunited.

The clay for this department is specially prepared, and partakes to a great extent of the same process as for China ware in potteries. For this preparation a "slip plate" is used (which is simply a fire clay trough of considerable length), under which runs a flue, heated by means of a furnace at one end. The ground clay being soaked in water is put through a very fine lawn sieve into this "slip plate," and is heated by the furnace up to boiling temperature, and continued until as much water is evaporated as will render the clay of a consistency fit for use. It is then taken out and thoroughly beaten and kneaded by hand to drive out the air, and this being completed it is taken to the molder. This very fine clay is now firmly pressed by hand into all parts of the mold, and these parts are all fixed together and properly jointed. To the clay has thus been imparted an exact outline of the design, which remains in the mold two days or so, until a degree of stiffness has been acquired, after which the various pieces of the mold are carefully removed. The superfluous clay at the joinings is now pared off with a knife and the whole figure undergoes a process of very fine finishing, which is a special branch requiring very experienced and artistic workmen, and, in order to prevent sinking or twisting in these figures and designs that have the top part heavier than the lower, it is frequently necessary to provide supports at this stage of the manufacture. Statues, fountains and other similar productions are taken direct to the kiln and fired, retaining unimpaired the last touches of the artist.

The kilns in which the finer class of terra-cotta is burned are termed "muffled" kilns, from their being constructed with a casing (a brick thick), inside of which all the bricks are placed, thus being thoroughly protected from the flame. A space or flue, about four and a half inches wide, is left between this casing and the outside wall. The extra expense in heating up this description of kiln is very considerable, but there is not the risk of beautifully-finished figures or designs turning out after being burned with scorched surfaces, as occasionly occurs in the open kilns; and while the casing only allows the heat to be brought up very gently, the highest degree of white heat necessary can be raised, so that there is not the slightly danger of giving way under exposure to the most severe weather.

RAILROAD LAW IN ITALY.

WHAT THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT IS DOING TO REGULATE THE RUNNING OF TRAINS AND PROTECT THE LIVES AND LIMBS OF TRAVELLERS.

A Naples correspondent writes to a contemporary—

"Now that the railroad accidents are so frequently occurring in England, and that public feeling is with so much reason alarmed, it may be interesting to know what Italians are doing to remove the chief cause of accidents—delay in the arrival of trains. The legislature, or the government, has taken the matter in hand, and from the first of January, 1874, penalties are to be inflicted in every case of delay in the running and arrival of a train. For direct trains carrying passengers, a delay of 20 minutes after the time fixed in the bear bill being tolerated, any excess beyond that will be punished with the following fines: From 20 to 30 minutes, the first 20 minutes being included, the fine is to be 500 lire; for a delay exceeding 40 minutes the fine will be 1000 lire. As to omnibus trains, a delay not exceeding 25 minutes is tolerated, but if exceeding that they will be subjected to the following penalties: From 26 to 30 minutes the delay will be visited with a line of 200 lire; from 30 to 40 minutes, with a fine of 500 lire; from 40 to 50 minutes, 700 lire; and for delays exceeding 50 minutes the fine will be 1000 lire. For mixed trains carrying passengers and goods a delay of 45 minutes will be tolerated, but beyond that time the fine for a delay of 45 minutes to one hour will be 200 lire, and beyond an hour 500 lire. The point most worthy of observation is that the government has thought proper to interfere to protect the lives and limbs of those who travel by railway, and though its mode of procedure may be open to criticism, and the details wholly inapplicable to England, still the effort to remove at least one of the causes of accidents is praiseworthy. It may be doubted, however, whether the toleration of delay is wise in principle, as the result probably will be that all trains will take advantage of the interval within which impunity is granted. It strikes me as being a legal extension of the time noted in the bear bills, which will render it impossible for the traveller to calculate with any certainty on continuing his journey beyond a certain fixed point, and, in the event of his calculations being thwarted, there will be no room for an action at law, as the law has sanctioned the delay. A person can now take a ticket from Naples to Turin, and unless, as is now the case, I believe, trains wait for each other in the great stations, considerable inconvenience might be experienced. The evil, if it does not exist at present, may occur hereafter, as communication becomes more rapid and frequent; at all events, it is not unlikely to present itself on some of the branch lines, and there can be no legal remedy up to a certain point. The 'toleration' of an evil, apart from its practical effects, is wrong in principle, and instead of securing the object which the government desires, it will serve only to legalize what they are anxious to prevent.

The delays tolerated,' and the fines to be exacted, show how comparatively limited must be the passenger and goods traffic of the country, and how low a value is still attached to time. I am by no means insensible to the immense progress which has been made by Italy since 1860, or to the fact of the increased rapidity of locomotion, or to the multitudes who travel now in comparison with the good old times: but still the country which tolerates a delay of 20 or 25 minutes in the arrival of trains, on which so many interests depend, is not up to the mark. It might have been better to leave the matter alone, and permit every traveller who could prove a loss by the delay to sue the company for compensation. At all events, the Italian government has the merit, however imprudent may be the mode of procedure, of interposing to save life and limb. It is not often that we hear of railway accidents in this country, as they are rendered improbable by the comparatively slow rate of travelling, but they do occur at times, and the Messina Gazette reports one which happened on the 15th inst. on the Syracuse line. The entire line is not yet opened, but only the portion between Catania and Lentini and Syracuse and Augusta. The accident occurred between Radusa and Catenanuova; six wagons carrying sulphur were broken into fragments, as also the water wagon, but no injury was inflicted on the passengers or the carriages. In consequence of that accident the trains were limited to the line between Catania and Catenanuova."

COLLISIONS.—The President has referred to the Treasury Department a document containing a plan invented by an Englishman to prevent vessels from sinking at sea after collisions, similar to those of the ill-fated Northfleet or Metis, the former having sunk within three quarters of an hour after being struck by another vessel, when nearly drowned. It is suggested that sails or tarpaulins, twenty by eighteen feet, with iron weights or shackles, or small pieces of chain to sink them, shall be lowered over the side of the vessel. This sail will be driven by the water into the cavity, and will prevent it from rushing with force into the vessel. A second sail is to be bound outside of the first by passing two ropes or chains under the keel of the vessel, lowering their "slights" over the bows and making them fast to the second sail, which, lowered over the side and over the first sail, is to be fastened to the rail of the vessel at one end and hauled taut from the other side. This, it is claimed, will bind them to the vessel which may then be run on shore or towed to a place of safety.

CALIFORNIA SOAP PLANT.—In California a small shrub grows abundantly all over the country, the roots of which are in general use for soap, and by many are even preferred to the artificial article. It never grows more than a foot high; the leaves and stocks drop in May, and the bulbs stay in the ground all Summer. They are dug up, stripped of their husks, and rubbed upon the clothes when these are in the water to be washed. A thick lather is produced and the odor is like that of new brown soap. From the roots of the soap plant a peculiar substance called saponine has been extracted, to which a property of making emulgents is attributed.

Music.

MUSIC.
PROF. LUDWIG FRANK, JR., is prepared to receive pupils for the Flute, Cornet, Harmony and the Piano. Also music furnished for balls, parties, etc. Orders for Sheet Music promptly attended to.
sep15-tf Apply at **14 Pelham street.**

Newport Brass Band and Orchestra.
MUSIC furnished for all PUBLIC AND PRIVATE OCCASIONS. Brass and Military Band from 20 to 25 men. Quadrille Band and Orchestra from 5 to 12 men. Apply to
PROF. J. F. O. SMITH, LEADER,
Corner Thames & Parade.

Redwood Band AND A. W. HAYES' ORCHESTRA
ARE PREPARED to furnish Music for all occasions, where first-class music is required.
REDWOOD BAND, 20 MEMBERS. A. W. HAYES ORCHESTRA, FROM 5 TO 12 MEN.
All applications made to A. W. Hayes, Leader and Agent, No. 7 Franklin Street, will meet with prompt attention.
Newport, March 23d, 1871.

Umbrellas.

GENTS' Silk, Alpaca, and Gingham Umbrellas, just received by WILLIAM C. LANGLEY, 101 & 103 Thames street. o14-tf

Newport Daily News.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1874.

If the NEWS is not delivered properly in every instance the publishers should be notified at once.

The Illinois farmers' association is undoubtedly much more familiar with agriculture than finance. At a late meeting the cultivators of the Garden state listened with calm resignation to Amasa Walker's admirable letter addressed to them, and showing how their own interests demanded a specie instead of a paper currency, while they applauded a proposition to issue greenbacks at the rate of $50,000,000 a month till money was so plentiful that it would only bring three per cent. interest. The fallacy of using "money" and "greenbacks" as interchangeable terms we have already referred to.

The same gentlemen became enthusiastic over a proposal that the government lend the farmers sixty six per cent. of the assessed value of their farms at five per cent. interest. If it is intended that the government make the loans in real money the question arises, Where is it to come from? The tenth part of such a sum is not in the country. Can it be borrowed from Europe? If the government is only to lend the products of the printing press then what will be the purchasing power of a dollar greenback after paper money has been issued to the extent of several thousand millions?

THE LABOR QUESTION.

The communism manifested in the recent gatherings in New York and Chicago is not to be passed over as temporary discontent engendered by the panic and the discharges which followed it. This social disease is not acute but chronic. The discontent of the working men may have been irritated into activity by recent events, but it existed before; it has existed for centuries. It is written in blood in the histories of France and Spain. It has disturbed England and Ireland, and even the United States, which was to be the paradise of workingmen, proves to be anything but a Utopia.

Men who work hard for a poor substance, who toil with the sword of discharge ever hanging over their heads by a single hair and the fall of which is neither understood nor foreseen, can not be convinced by fine words that the social system is rightly founded. No amount of free soup or unanswerable arguments will make a poor man an optimist so long as the fluctuations of the market which threw him out of work and oblige his family to freeze and starve still permit his late employer to live in luxury and gratify his artificial appetite with theutmost prodigality.

The remedy is not to be found in legislative restrictions of the hours of labor or enactments concerning wages. Nature, custom and the market must settle these matters. But the remedy for all the troubles growing out of the labor question is coöperation. Workingmen must unite and carry on their trades, or they must be admitted by the capitalists into trade partnerships. It may make but a trifling difference to the workman whether he draw day wages or a percentage, but it will make a great difference in the feelings with which he regards his work, his employer and society in general, whether he is merely a day laborer or a partner.

In business partnerships, of course, the employes must elect a representative who will associate with the firm and have access to the books of the establishment. The men will find that their interests accord with their employes': they will feel an interest in the success of the concern: they will get some idea of why wages are raised and lowered. Strikes are obviated: faithfulness and industry encouraged and the present tendency to business, to enrich the wealthy and to rob the poor, will be checked.

The wants of the working man are not to be ignored nor is his power to be laughed at. He is naturally displeased with a state of affairs in which he can get but a meagre and precarious existence while Dives insults him by flaunting in his face the evidences of his wealth. The poor man ought to have a better chance than he has now even in this most favored country and, unless the capitalist will yield him something today, tomorrow he may take all he can use and destroy the rest.

PERSONALS.

......The New Haven post office has a female carrier.

......Speaking of Salvini, the Chicago *Times* remarks: "Tom is a promising actor."

......A Kansas farmer is so thorough a granger that he travels long distances in his wagon rather than patronize the railroads.

......A nitro-glycerine factory has recently been established at Fort Henry, N. Y., the proprietor of which bears the highly suggestive name of Boost.

......Dr. Franklin has been described as a mechanic who saved his wages, a printer who did not drink ardent spirits, and an office holder who did not steal.

......Victor Hugo, left almost alone in his old age, will, it is said by his friends, concentrate his entire energies on literary work.

......Colonel A. K. McClure declines positively the nomination of the "citizens" constitutional party," for the Philadelphia mayoralty.

......Governor Allen, of Ohio, has asked the legislature to permit him to stamp official documents instead of signing them, because of the palsied condition of his hands.

......The Pittsburg Commercial calls Caleb Cushing a "weather cock." True, replies the New York Commercial, and this is why his aspirations have proved vane.

......The daughter of Gen. Myers is one of the Washington debutantes this Winter who has at once become a raging belle. The Probabilities are not given out yet.

......The New York World notices that Mr. Butler is very sensitive about our flag, considering the fact that he makes and sell the bunting of which it is composed.

......Luther S. "Cushing's Manual" is acknowledged authority in parliamentary matters. But Caleb Cushing's sign manual to Jeff Davis' letter was signally fatal to the author.

......The diamonds and point lace worn by the wife of the Hon. Benjamin Wood, at the Roman Catholic orphan asylum ball at New York, were valued at over $140,000.

......The house in which the great Joaquin Miller used to live at Shasta, Cal., is to be sold by auction. If we could buy this pilgrim shrine, this Delphian vale, this Mecca of the mind, we would have about all in the world that we particularly care to own.—[Louisville Courier-Journal.

......M. Rouher has signed with the French government a convention, in virtue of which the Empress Eugenie will receive 3,000,000 francs, payable in annuities. The state will restore to her majesty the Chinese Museum at Fontainebleau, and the collection of arms at Pierrefonds, as well as the works of art purchased by the late Emperor.

......The Rev. J. T. Lattone, rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal church, Wheeling, W. Va., publishes a letter to Bishop Jones withdrawing from the ministry of his church, on account, as he says, of the increasing ritualistic tendency of Episcopalians, Mr. Lattone indorses Bishop Cummins's movement, although he has not formally associated therewith.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Clyde ship-yards are busier than ever.

Some Americans in Paris gave a supper to a number of little French chimney-sweeps, on Christmas Eve.

Paris proposes to extend the comforts of home to Americans by taxing all visitors during their stay in the French metropolis.

Over a hundred women in the United States are preparing to hurl Blackstone and Coke at the head of doubting and despicable man.

It is said the Arapiles will at once proceed to sea, her commander preferring to trust to his pumps rather than try any more repairs in New York.

Two slight shocks of earthquake were felt in San Francisco Sunday but there was no damage.

At the city election in Middletown, Ct., Monday, Charles C. Hubbard (Democrat) was elected mayor by a majority of 212. The Democrats also elected their entire city ticket.

One of the features of New Year's in Paris is the letting loose of all the beggars for twenty-four hours on the streets. It's fun for the beggars.

A moderate calculation fixes the amount expended for horses and sleighs used on the Brighton road Boston last Sunday at $50,000—about six dollars each for 8000 sleighs, according to actual count.

In California the production of the precious metals amounted last year to $68,000,000, being an increase for the year of about $10,000,000. Good estate to own.

Stanislaus county claims to be the greatest wheat-producing county of California. Of 26,089,667 bushels of wheat produced in the state in 1872, 5,000,000 bushels were produced in Stanislaus county.

Steamship Colorado brings Yokohama dates of Dec. 23. The disagreement between the foreign ministers and the Japanese government was still unsettled. The governments interested are Holland, France and England. Minister Bingham has notified the Japan government that he takes no part in the matter.

Captain Wykoff of the United States army, who has arrived at St. Louis from Fort Concho, Texas, reports that on Monday of last week while at Fort Griffin, he learned that the Comanche Indians had just raided upon a settlement in that vicinity and had driven off fifty horses. Troops have gone in pursuit. Captain Wykoff also reports that there are Indians about Fort Sill reservation, and it was believed that they were on a raid.

Two of the rear cars of a passenger train on the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railroad were thrown from the track on a bridge over Dardenne Creek. The cars fell on their side, but the couplings held them from falling to the bed of the creek, a distance of 80 feet. The accident was caused by the breaking of an axle of the tender three hundred yards from the bridge. Three cars jumped the track and, running against the end of the bridge knocked one truss completely off the abutment. The cars fell to the bed of the creek about twenty feet below. Isaac Cates of Boston, president of the Iowa Central Railroad, was badly bruised about the abdomen, and suffered internal injuries. D. H. Pickering, general superintendent of the same road, was slightly hurt; J. H. Rollins of Missouri was considerably injured.

LEGISLATIVE.

The Ohio legislature has decided to allow members to chew, but not to smoke, in the hall during the session.

A bill is before the California legislature laying a tariff on special legislation. For instance, if John Smith wants his name changed to Fitz James Augustus Trevillian he must pay a certain sum to the state. The bill charges for an act incorporating, extending, or renewing the charter of a bank with a capital not exceeding $100,000, four hundred dollars, and so on by a regular scale up to two millions, for which two thousand dollars are to be demanded. The price of acts incorporating iron, coal, manufacturing, warehousing or oil companies, or conferring rights and privileges on existing corporations, is fixed at $200.

A scrutiny of the aye and nay list in Congress on Mr. Wilson's inflation resolution list shows some interesting facts as to the geographical distribution of the inflationists, New England furnished none; three from New York.—Merriam, Sessions and Perry, and two from New Jersey,—Hazelton and Dobbins. Pennsylvania contributed a long list who voted under the lead of Kelley. These were Biery, Killinger, Shoemaker, Strawbridge, Packer, Cessna, Curtis, Richmond, Taylor, Negley, Todd and Albright. Ohio was pretty evenly divided, eleven of her twenty members voting aye. West of Ohio negative votes were the exception and affirmation the rule. Indiana was all for inflation. Four Illinois members voted no, following the lead of Burchard. Three out of the nine Iowa members also voted against the resolutions. The South and Southwest, with but few exceptions, were all for inflation. Of the members of the ways and means committee, Dawes, Burchard, Roberts, Kasson, Waldron, Foster and Beck, voted no; Kelley, Sheldon and Niblack, aye; and Wood was absent. The banking and currency committee voted has follows: For the resolutions, Merriam, Hunter and Hubbell; against, Maynard, Hawley, Phelps, Randall, Mitchell and Durham: not voting, Farwell and Niles.

STATE VALUATION.

PROPORTIONS OF REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY IN PROVIDENCE, NEWPORT, AND TOWNS IN THIS VICINITY WITH THEIR PROPORTIONATE TAXES:

The real estate and personal property valuation of each town is:

	Real Estate.	Personal.	Total.
Providence,	116,544,000	40,160,760	156,704,200
Newport,	20,983,850	8,480,100	29,493,550
Middletown,	2,295,500	482,650	2,778,150
Portsmouth	2,093,067	523,700	2,616,767
Tiverton,	1,227,637	555,915	1,783,552
Little Compton	923,285	352,800	1,276,085
Jamestown,	547,167	120,400	667,567
New Shoreham	377,308	71,776	449,[illegible]
North Kingstown	1,948,842	936,690	2,885,532
South Kingstown	3,199,831	2,234,200	5,434,031
East Greenwich	1,560,931	308,925	1,869,856
West Greenwich	373,600	174,530	548,120

The proportion of each $1,000 tax that would be paid by each town, under this valuation, and under the two preceding valuations, would be:

	Value of 1868.	Value of 1872.	New Value.
Providence,	461.35	444.17	476.99
Newport,	101.12	101.87	89.71
Middletown,	9.04	7.51	8.46
Portsmouth,	10.60	8.45	7.96
Tiverton,	7.07	9.35	5.43
Little Compton,	5.53	4.68	2.83
Jamestown,	2.21	1.81	2.02
New Shoreham,	1.43	1.21	1.37
North Kingstown,	12.05	10.77	8.78
South Kingstown,	17.27	21.28	16.54
East Greenwich,	6.62	6.52	5.69
West Greenwich,	2.65	2.21	1.67

THE CROPS.—The National Crop Reporter publishes the final statement of last year's crop of oats and hay in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee and Wisconsin. The estimate total productions of oats in the states named in 1872, was in round numbers, 192,800,000 bushels, and the falling off from this in 1873 is placed at 10 2 10 per cent. Indiana shows the heaviest loss, being over 17 per cent., and Tennessee the largest gain, or nearly 9 per cent. The estimates of the hay crop give an average falling off of the crop of 1873, as compared with that of 1872, equal to 6 ½ per cent. and makes the total yield of last year in the above states nearly ten million tons. The report indicates an unusually favorable condition of the growing wheat in most sections, although in a few localities damage has been done by alternations of freezing and thawing weather.

NEWPORT POST OFFICE.

OPEN 6½ A. M., TO 8 P. M. SUNDAYS, 7 TO 9 A. M.

Mail Arrangements.	Closes, A.M.	Closes, P.M.	Opens, A.M.	Opens, P.M.
N. Y., Southern & Western	7	2½ / 7½	6½ / 10	7½
Boston and Eastern	7	2½	11½	7½
Providence	7	2½	11½	7½
Portsm'th, Tiverton & L. Compton.	8	..	..	6
Jamestown, Tuesdays & Fridays	6½	..	..	..
" Mond. & Thursday	..	..	..	6
Westerly, Tues. & Fridays	6½	..	..	..
" Mond. & Thursdays	..	..	..	6
" (other days except Suns).	7	2½	10	7½
N. Shoreham, Tu. Th. & Sats	8	..	..	..
" Mon. Wed. & Fri.	..	..	..	6

Miniature Calendar.

TOMORROW, THURSDAY, JANUARY 22.

Sun rises,	7 h. 18 m.
Sun sets,	5 h. 6 m.
Length of day,	9 h. 48 m.
Moon sets, (p. m.)	10 h. 30 m.

High water, 11 h. 30 m., a. m., 3.9 ft.; 11 h. 54 m., p. m., 3.8 feet.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

—No good sleighing in prospect.

—The measles are less prevalent in Middletown and Portsmouth.

—The schooner Jennie C. Russ will not be delivered to her owners until Spring.

—The upper windows of the Rogers High School building offer excellent facilities for the study of local geography.

—The springs on the post office doors are not as elastic as before, on account of their ceaseless exertions.

—Every performance at the Opera House of late has had paying houses,—a commentary upon the times.

—Upwards of one hundred workmen are at work in this city for the Narragansett Steamship Company.

—Brig. Gen. Chase, who visited our city yesterday, is a brother of Dr. Chase, one of our practicing physicians.

—The poor have cause for thankfulness in the many days of favorable weather thus far during the Winter.

—We hope that the prevailing storm will not interfere with the social of the Newport Artillery this evening.

—Want of encouragement of a substantial nature is the reason Newport has no dancing school this winter.

—Kerosene is selling in this city at five gallons for one dollar. It is not long since sixty cents was the price paid for a single gallon.

—On account of the scarcity of room no ladies and but a few gentlemen spectators were present at the inspection of the Artillery last evening.

—A drunken fellow attracted much attention and remark on Thames street yesterday afternoon. He is an old offender and was prevailed upon to go home to hide his disgrace.

—A blacksmith named J. A. Whitman, in the employ of William Smith, ran a rusty nail into his foot yesterday. It is feared that serious consequences may result.

—There are a few good seats left for the masquerade next Tuesday night. Persons who wish them will do well to call at once at Caswell and Hazard's drug store.

—Hung upon the walls of the Artillery Armory may be seen the medallion of Abraham Lincoln, neatly framed, before referred to in these columns, as made by Jarvis Alger.

—Hundreds of people inspected the Rogers High School building yesterday and but one opinion of its many excellencies was expressed. All were enthusiastic in their admiration.

—Reserved seats for Mr. Burbank's reading can be obtained at the Opera House today and tomorrow between the hours of two and six in the afternoon. In his private and public readings. Mr. Burbank has given universal satisfaction. The severest critics of the Hub have spoken of him in the most favorable manner and the tickets for Thursday night are going off with great rapidity.

THE BURNSIDE GUARDS.—The inspection of the Burnside Guards by Gen. Flagg and Capt. Willard occurred last evening. The musket and equipments of the company were found in excellent condition. General Flagg gave it as his opinion that the company was in need of a larger armory and new muskets and he would use his official influence to attain that end. Remarks were also made by Capt. Willard, Brig. Gen. Burdick, Chaplain Jones and Brig. Gen. Chase.

—The funeral of the late Mr. Thomas H. Tew was attended yesterday afternoon by the Rhode Island Lodge of Odd Fellows and the Aquidneck Encampment, numbering about one hundred and twelve men in full regalia. The procession to the cemetery was an imposing one and attracted much attention from our citizens. The services at the grave were conducted by Chaplain Jones of the subordinate lodge and by Rev. C. H. Malcom of the encampment.

REPAIRING STEAMBOATS.—Workmen are now engaged in putting in a crank pin in the steamer Long Branch. The old wheels of the Plymouth Rock have been taken out and new ones are being made at the repair shop. Mahoney's patent bucket will be attached to them. The boats are to be entirely renovated in the Spring and be in readiness for the excursion season. An extensive overhauling of the machinery of the mammoth steamers Providence and Bristol is also going on and they too will be thoroughly overhauled as soon as the repairs of the machinery are made.

MR. THOMAS H. TEW.

The following Resolutions were unanimously passed at a meeting of Rhode Island Lodge No 12. I. O. of O. F., on the 19th of January, 1874:

The unsparing hand of death, having stricken down our worthy Brother, Mr. Thomas H. Tew, one of the oldest members of Rhode Island Lodge, it is therfore

Resolved, That we sincerely lament the death of Brother Tew, who for so many years has been a valuable member of this Lodge, and who at all times took the deepest interest in every thing appertaining to the good of the order.

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved widow and children our warmest sympathies for the loss of a kind and indulgent husband and father—one endeared to them by the strongest ties of love and affection, the remembrance of whose excellent qualities will long be kindly cherished in the hearts of all who enjoyed the pleasure of his acquaintance.

Resolved, That this Lodge Room be draped in the usual emblems of mourning for the space of six months, in token of the respect and esteem we feel for the memory of our departed Brother.

Resolved, That we will attend in a body, the funeral of the deceased, on Tuesday, the 20th instant, and commit his body to the grave with appropriate ceremonies.

Resolved, That an attested copy of the foregoing Resolutions be communicated to the afflicted family of our late Brother, by the Recording Secretary, entered upon the Lodge Records, and published in the papers of the city.

A true copy—attest,
THOS. CHAMBERS, Rec. Sec.

AQUIDNECK ENCAMPMENT NO. 5, I. O. OF O. F.

NEWPORT, JAN. 20, 1874.

A weary and travel worn Patriarch has finished life's rough journey, put aside his staff, and calmly laid himself down to rest. We are startled with the reality that the vigilance of our Sentry's has been baffled; our Encampment assailed; and from the Patriarchal Tent a Captain taken, a Patriarch loved and respected, an Odd Fellow whose aim was to live in accordance with the principles inculcated in our ritual; a citizen held in high esteem. The heart which responded to the cry of distress is pulseless, the eye closed, the radiant smile gone forever. In sorrow and with sad hearts the Patriarchs are grouped within the shadow of their Tent for counsel and there resolve:

Resolved. That while sensible of the loss which this Encampment has sustained in the decease of Patriarch Thomas W. Tew, we are not unmindful of that immeasureably greater affliction to which they are subjected by the fell stroke. which has rended asunder the most cherished and dearest of ties. To them we tender warmest and heartfelt sympathy; and commend them to the kind care and mercy of him who as our great High Priest, holds the ransomed soul of him whose form we this day commit to its last resting place.

Resolved:—That Aquidneck Encampment attend the funeral of our late brother in full regalia and display the usual emblems of mourning within our Encampment for the term of six months.

Resolved:—That a copy of these resolutions be tendered to the family of the deceased; entered upon our record; and published in the Daily News and Newport Mercury.

JOHN M. TAYLOR,
Scribe.

STATE MISCELLANY.

In Providence, a Benefit street young lady has succeeded in getting 3289 letters on a postal card.

Samuel C. N. Goodman, the Pawtucket manufacturer, who has been missing since the evening of Dec. 23, when he took the train for New York, has been heard from in Liverpool. He writes that he has no recollections of what happened to him after he reached New York until he awoke on a Liverpool steamer, many miles from land, He was financially embarrassed when he left.

DEDICATION.

THE DEDICATION OF THE ROGERS HIGH SCHOOL.—SPEECHES BY THE MAYOR, MR. MINOT, MR. COGGESHALL AND MR. TILTON.—THE NEW TEMPLE OF KNOWLEDGE FORMALLY OPENED AND THE HEAD MASTER TAKES COMMAND OF THE NEW INSTITUTION.—DEDICATION HYMN WRITTEN FOR THE OCCASION BY THE REV. C. T. BROOKS.—THE HALL CROWDED BY PUPILS, PARENTS AND THE FRIENDS OF EDUCATION, IN SPITE OF THE SNOW STORM.

The day appointed for the dedication of the Rogers High School dawned rather inauspiciously. The leaden clouds and the chill air were unmistakeable symptoms that the beautiful snow was about to cover the bare earth once more, and some time before the hour for beginning the ceremonies

The feathery flakes filled the freezing air
And covered the boughs the wind made bare.

But the fortunate few who were so blest as to receive tickets of admission were promptly on hand regardless of the weather and the hall was early filled to its utmost capacity. Seats on the platform had been reserved for the grave and reverend city fathers, the school committee, George C. Mason and son, Mr. Brooks, Mr. Malcom, and other public functionaries. The seats immediately in front of the reading desk were reserved for members of the school, while the rest of the room was filled up with visitors. Mayor Slocum presided over the ceremonies and Prof. J. F. O. Smith over the piano.

At about half past ten the exercises were opened by the singing, on the part of the school, of a dedication hymn from the Fourth Musical Reader, beginning:

Bringing what praise we can
Of all we hope for here.

The Rev. C. T. Brooks then offered a prayer.

The Rev. C. H. Malcom followed, reading selected passages from the Scriptures.

After this was sung the

DEDICATION HYMN,
(Written for the occasion by Rev. C. T. Brooks,)
Air:—"Ye Christian Heralds."

All hail, fair pile! on lower and walls
How proudly beams the eye of day!
How fondly through thy spacious halls
Shines in the living, loving ray!

So may thy heaven, O Truth! shed here
Its calm, serene and quickening glow,
And from these walls, year after year,
Sweet streams of holy influence flow!

Shall not our hearts forever hold
His honored name in memory dear,
Whose wealth of goodness and of gold
Perennial fountain—pulsates here?

And long, Oh long, may this rich fount
Well forth the shining wave of truth,
And make this hill a sacred mount
To many a band of thoughtful youth.

Fair temple! on thy graceful tower
Long may the morning sunbeams play,
And evening twilight's tranquil hour
Shed, lingering, there its grateful ray!

But when the day long since has passed,
Thy beauty crumbled to a clod,
Love's generous work for aye shall last,
Built on the eternal life of God.

In the absence of Mr. William Minot, one of the trustees, the Rev. S. C. Hill read a letter from him expressing his regrets that business engagements would make it impossible for him to be present. Mr. Hill said that in the absence of the trustees this letter would be considered the formal transfer of the school.

Address of Mayor Slocum.

Gentlemen of the city council and school committee; The Rogers School House is completed and we have congregated this morning to formally dedicate it to the use for which it has been erected The benevolent founder of this school desired to confer a favor upon the youth of this and of every future generation of the population of his native city, to have some valuable and enduring memento of his birth; and to carry this desire into practical effect he gave a hundred thousand dollars of the fortune which he had acquired. In this bequest he recognized the duty of the state to provide a common school education for all who may be under its protection, but he well knew the want of a class, in every New England community at least, to acquire knowledge beyond that which is available in the common school. His venerated father, the late Robert Rogers, had educated here some of the most distinguished men of the country, who were cotemporaries of our benefactor and this was glory in his house. It was no doubt this fact which indicated the want and gave direction to his benefaction to this people. The city with becoming unanimity accepted the bequest upon the conditions under which it was given and his trustees have done cheerfully everything in their power to facilitate in giving effect to the trust with which they were charged. A school house has been erected which in all of its appointments is becoming the munificent benefaction upon which this school has its foundation.

But our work is not yet done. This school is to be made a success, here, the men and women who are to come after us are not only to be trained in wisdom and to usefulness, but they are to be inspired with a desire to be wise and useful. It is not enough that we should make this a mere preparatory school to fit pupils for a college course it must be more than this; it must qualify them to be good citizens and to become pillars of the state and it is fitting and proper that such a school should be established in Newport where was the first public school in America. As long ago as 1640 Robert Lenthall at the Public charge opened a free public school. In one period of our history there were more men of learning and science in Newport than in any other place in America, such now is the accident of our location that we are brought in contact with many of the most enlightened and cultivated men in America, and our young men and women, with this school open to them without cost, will have within their reach the means of rivalling that status among the wise and learned which was attained by the inhabitants of this ancient municipality when their commerce rivalled that of any other American port and extended to every sea and when the products of their enterprise and industry was appreciated in every land. As the chief executive officer of this city, for and in behalf of its entire population I now commit this building to the charge of the school authorities of this city and in the name of the whole people I charge them to see to it that the Rogers High School is carried on in the spirit in which it was conceived by its benevolent founder and in a measure which shall make it most beneficial to those who were the object of his bounty. You have begun well. The man whom you have selected for head master of this school has already presided over and added new lustre to one of the most venerable and most cherished institutions of New England. Carry on the good work and in after times as the fruit which this institution shall bear shall begin to ripen for the harvest, the lofty ambition which shall have been here imprinted, the rich culture which shall have been here imparted, will enlarge the foundation of our ancient municipality and add new glories to the state. Then it will be seen not only that Rogers endowed a school, but erected a monument to his own fame more enduring than the solid materials of which this structure is composed.

Address of Mr. Coggeshall.

Mr. Thomas Coggeshall, in behalf of the school committee, followed the mayor. To this gentleman he paid a high tribute for his faithfulness and devotion to the enterprise of which he had partial charge. He spoke highly of Mr. George C. Mason, Jr., for the beautiful designs from which the building had been erected. How well the work had been done was testified by the vote of the building committee complimentary to Messrs. Barker and Irish, the contractors. Mr. Coggeshall sketched the life of Mr. Rogers and incidentally paid a high compliment to Dr. Thatcher Thayer for the active interest which for more than thirty years he had manifested in the course of education. He than traced briefly the history of the high school in Newport, from its first small beginning to its present splendid condition.

He closed by addressing a few words to the scholars. To the young ladies he would say that exalted virtue and perfect grace are the highest ornaments to womanhood and to the gentlemen he would say that true manliness is the noblest characteristic they could possess. He then presented the keys to Mr. Tilton, taking occasion to compliment him highly on his abilities and success.

Address of Mr. Tilton.

Mr. Chairman:—Ladies and Gentlemen:—Crates the Theban was accustomed to say that if it were possible, he would stand on the highest place in the city and cry out with all his power "What are you thinking of, you people, that you are devoting all your industry to the acquirement of riches, but take no care at all of your children, to whom you are going to leave them."

Is there one here today who will hold back his voice from swelling the anthem of gratitude which stirs our hearts, that through all the ages there have lived these, who, at whatever cost, have caught up the cry of Crates; that it has sounded from land to land; that its spirit has been the watchword of every great stride of progress; that it has crossed the ocean; that it was ringing in the ears of our forefathers when our land was all a wilderness; and that scarcely had the site of the church been selected, when the school and the college rose at its side. Thank God, the cry has been heeded ever since. The rich have given of their wealth, the learned have given of their time. It was our own New England, whose hills first heard from the lips of one great and good who has but just left us, the imperishable sentiment that because engaged in teaching others how to learn, the humble and poor often times, he was too busy to engage in making money. In receiving these keys, I can but consider them as representing a great responsibility. Did you put blocks of spotless marble in my keeping to be chiseled into forms of beauty, faultless in proportion and in feature, you would be giving me a great responsibility. Did these keys merely imply that you commit to me this beautiful building to be cared for and preserved, you would be conferring upon me no trifling trust. But you put upon me responsibilities vastly greater than those which I have mentioned. I cannot forget as I stand here that you are committing to me and my associates in the Board of Instruction immortal minds to be directed and moulded. Patient toil for hours or for days may so far remedy the injury caused by a false movement of the chisel upon the surface of the marble that its occurrance shall never be suspected; but no skill, no regrets, no toil shall ever obliterate any deformity which shall result from such workmanship as ours. As we dedicate this new temple to the cause of education, I need not remind you of our duty of gratitude to the generous founder of the ROGERS HIGH SCHOOL. Wishing to crown the aged town which gave him his birth, with the richest blessing his wealth could secure, in token of his gratitude and love, he has most wisely chosen to plant and handsomely endow an institution where her sons and daughters, through all time, may gather the elements of sound learning, and may pass for a considerable distance along the pathways of that general culture, which comes to the earnest mind from the study of mathematics, of language, of science and of literature. All honor to the noble conception of Wm. Sanford Rogers. Let us not at this hour, forget the generous and hearty response of the community when asked to forward the wishes and intentions of Mr. Rogers by aiding in the erection of such a building as the terms of the bequest demanded, and the friends of the school thought fitted to its wants. I should be recreant to the plainest duty did I neglect to speak thus publicly of the faithfulness and wisdom of the committee to whom the erection of this building has been entrusted. Having been present, by their courtesy, at many of their meetings, having repeatedly had long sittings with individuals and sub-committees of the general building committee, I speak of what I know when I say that an amount of valuable time and thought and labor has been freely devoted by His Honor the Mayor, chairman of the committee, and by each member of the same to the prosecution of this work, which will never be known or appreciated by the community at large. No individual oversight could have been more thorough or resulted more advantageously. Personally, I might say much. Every suggestion concerning the general arrangement of the rooms and the details of the structure has been met with the greatest consideration; with so great consideration, indeed, as to leave me largely responsible for mistakes, should it prove that any have been made. The fair proportions and acknowledged beauty of the building will be a sufficient testimony to the skill and taste of the architects. I may add a word, however, expressive of an appreciation of their gentlemanly instincts and faithful oversight of the work. With regard to the quality of the work done and the material used by our contractors there has been but one expression from first to last. They have our gratitude and what is more valuable, a consciousness that they have not only fulfilled the letter of their specifications, but have nobly met a moral obligation which specifications cannot technically express. Allusion has been made to the absence of Dr. Thayer. We miss his voice and his wise words of counsel. We are assured, however, of his deep interest in the institution. And so we have our building—ample,—substantial,—durable,—beautiful,—thoroughly adapted to its uses in the minutest detail. We congratulate each other as we look at this, our new temple of learning, and well we may.

The advantages of such a building are vast. It is designed to promote and secure thorough instruction in the important branches of academic discipline. I receive the charge you impose in the name of my associates and myself. The only guarantee we can give you for the future is a frank avowal that realizing in part at least the peculiar character of the responsibility imposed, we give you the best of our time, of our culture—of *ourselves*. It will be our high aim to make MEN and WOMEN; broad, large, noble, symmetrical, well disciplined men and women. We shall teach what is *practical*, never forgetting that whatever promotes sound learning or strengthens the mind in any proper direction is *eminently practical*. We are not yet prepared to call that language *dead*, even though it is many centuries since it served as an ordinary medium for the interchange of thought, to whose masters Webster and Choate and a host of others were accustomed to resort before debate for inspiration. Believe me, my friends, there is a higher utilitarianism than that which plants in the morning to reap fruit in the afternoon. While we shall try to conduct our work upon principles which are high and broad and enlightened, we shall be ready to welcome suggestions, and shall hope to enjoy the confidence and be aided by the sympathy of all who entrust their precious children to our hands, humbly asking God that we may never forget that, in the words of Joubert, "Children have more need of models than of critics."

After Mr. Tilton closed, the school joined in singing "Hark, what mean those heavenly voices?" arranged from the Stabat Mater, and the exercises were closed by the benediction, pronounced by Rev. S. C. Hill.

DIED.

The funeral of Mr. Elisha Beebe will take place from the Methodist Church, Middletown, Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

Zanziber.—This root in Williams' Extract Jamaica Ginger will root out pains of stomach and bowels.

Sustain the Sinking System.

The flashes of excitement produced by the stimulants in ordinary use, are followed by a reaction that is always more or less injurious. Just as the darkness, illuminated for a moment by the lightning's glare, becomes apparently blacker than ever after the flash is over, so the mental gloom and physical debility that vanish temporarily under the influence of a dram, return with a ten-fold intensity when the first transient effect ceases. Yet physicians habitually prescribe the liquors of commerce for patients suffering from bodily weakness and mental despondency. The true remedy in such cases is a pure stimulant medicated with the finest tonics and alteratives which the vegetable kingdom affords, and Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the only preparation at present known which thoroughly meets the emergency. The effect of this popular restorative is continuous. Each dose taken invigorates the vital energies and the brain, and its prolonged use will unquestionably cure any case of debility, hypochondria, or mental torpidity that does not arise from organic causes beyond the reach of medicine. It is, in the strictest sense of the word, an invigorating and regulating cordial. If the nerves are tremulous and relaxed, it braces them; if the bowels are constipated, it relieves them; if the liver is torpid, it promotes activity in that organ; if the mind is gloomy, it clears away the clouds; if the appetite is poor and digestion a slow and painful operation, it creates a relish for food and enables the stomach to convert it into healthful aliment. Moreover, it is a specific for a large number of ailments, some of which are particularly prevalent in the damp and chilly weather which we so often experience in mid winter. Among these may be mentioned rheumatism, chills and fever and all the morbid conditions of the digestive and secretive organs superinduced by sudden changes of temperature and the inclemencies of the season.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ring worm, salt-rheum and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York. Be certain to get the Juniper Tar Soap, as there are many imitations made with common tar which are worthless. dec23-4w

Corns.—Relief in five minutes. DR. CRISPIN, 179 Broad street, Providence, R. I.

PIMPLES AND HUMORS ON THE FACE.—In this condition of the skin, the VEGETINE is the great remedy as it acts directly upon the cause. It cleanses and purifies the blood, thereby causing humors of all kinds to disappear.

Holiday Goods!
Finely Illustrated Books!
Juvenile Books!

Chromos, Engravings, Stereoscopes, Kaleidoscopes, Writing Desks, Tourist's Cases, Scholars' Companion, Bibles, Prayer Books, Family Bibles, Toy Books, and Initial Stationery, at

C. E. Hammett's, Jr.,
dec19 124 THAMES STREET.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.

WHAT IS IT! Astral Oil is a derivative of petroleum, produced by a new and improved process of manufacture, which gives it all the good, without any of the objectionable qualities of ordinary refined kerosene. Explosion is guarded against, and families can burn ASTRAL OIL with THE SAME ASSURANCE OF SAFETY AS THEY CAN GAS.

ITS QUALITIES—It is perfectly pure, containing no mixtures or chemicals. It gives a clear, uniform and beautiful light, unequalled even by gas. It is free from objectionable odors. It burns in the ordinary kerosene lamps. It is always uniform in quality.

ITS SAFETY—The Astral Oil may be relied upon as non-explosive and in every way perfectly safe to use. If, while burning, a lamp be upset and broken, the contents will not explode or take fire. It is the safest oil that can be made. Persons once using it will have no other. For sale by Grocers generally. d29

OLIVER JOHNSON & CO. WholesaleAgents.

Russia Leather Goods,
THERMOMETERS, in Bronze, Ivory, Satin Wood, Black Walnut, &c., from 60 cents to $6.00.
Toilette Sets,
Bronze Ink Stands,
MATCH SAFES, in Bronze,
PARIAN MARBLE and CHINA,
TOILETTE BOTTLES,
VASES, SHELL COMBS,
IVORY-BACK HAIR BRUSHES,
PLATE GLASS,
HAND MIRRORS,
English and French Gilt Top and Cut Glass Pungents, Lubin's Extracts, Chest Protectors, of English Felt, Lamb's Wool Fur, Flannel, lined with wash-leather, &c.
Caswell, Hazard & Co.
dec18

CHOICE BUTTER.
For Sale at Wholesale and Retail to Close up a Consignment.
THIS is selected Butter, made and put up in Schoharie County Valley, between the Catskill Mountains, N. Y. Can be examined each day from 12 to 1, and from 6 to 8 p. m., at corner Redwood and Cottage streets. GEORGE H. WILSON. nov13

ROOMS TO RENT.—A well furnished, pleasant room on the second floor front, will be rented to the right applicant. Apply at 85 Spring Street. dec18-tf

A CARD TO THE LADIES!

IN CONSEQUENCE OF PROPOSED ALTERATIONS IN THE BUILDING, I AM OBLIGED TO
Close the Business at my Store,
No. 97 Thames st.,
FOR A FEW MONTHS.
I take this opportunity to offer my entire stock of Goods, AT COST and in some cases below cost, and to call your attention to my different departments, viz:
Best Berlin Single & Double Zephyr Worsteds,
Saxony Yarns, Shetland & Infant Worsteds, Crochet, Knitting, and Embroidery Cotton, Worsted Embroideries. A full line of Slippers, Sofa and Pincushions, Stripes and Rugs, etc., etc.
MILLINERY GOODS—Ribbons, Velvets, French Flowers, Laces, Feathers, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, also a large assortment of Worsted, Knitted and Woven Articles for winter wear.
Fancy Goods of all Kinds.
☞ I desire to express my sincere thanks to all my patrons for their past favors and hope to receive the continuance of the same.
M. FINKENSTAEDT,
jan5 97 THAMES STREET.

January Bills.

During the first few days of January the undersigned will present all bills then unpaid, for settlement.

These bills are due on January 1st, and a prompt settlement is much desired and earnestly requested.

While thanking his customers for accepting without murmur the plan of quarterly payments, he can also congratulate them that in this cold winter weather, the peace of their households is not to be disturbed by a long bill of thin things worn out in the summer to be paid for now.

E. W. LAWTON.
dec31

More New Goods.
BARGAINS IN
Hamburg Edgings,
Brilliantines.
Black Alpacas,
Ruchings
& Ginghams.
F. S. WAITE.
jan17 213 THAMES STREET.

George A. Pritchard,
Agent by Appointment, for the
CELEBRATED
SINGER
Family Sewing Machine.
103 THAMES ST.,
Solicits an inspection of the Singer in all its various styles and prices from $60 to $155.
I would strongly recommend the immediate purchase of those machines now in the hands of the former agent, being as he very properly describes them,
"A BARGAIN,"
—AND—
MUCH UNDER PRICE.
Geo. A. Pritchard, Agent,
103 Thames street, (rear of Mr. Ellis.)
dec31

MORE BARGAINS IN
Boots and Shoes!
THE subscriber has just received direct from the manufacturer, another lot of Ladies' Foxed Gaiters, which cost to make $1.77, and will be sold at the low price of $1.50 per pair, at
J. M. SWAN'S.
dec9 160 Thames street.

A BARGAIN.
HAVING given up the Agency of the Singer Sewing Machine, to Mr. Pritchard, I will sell
TWO MACHINES,
on hand, at
$55 Each,
A REDUCTION OF $10,
Same Machines always sold at $65. Warranted new and in perfect order.
JOHN ROGERS,
d31 83 Thames Street.

Newport Daily News.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1874.

THE NEWPORT ARTILLERY.

INSPECTION BY GEN. FLAGG LAST EVENING, EVERY THING PRONOUNCED A 1. MANEUVERS AND SPEECHES.

The inspection of the Nepwort Artillery occurred last night at their armory. The members of the organization were promptly on hand and there were scarcely any vacancies in the ranks. The battalion mustered seventy seven rifles besides eleven field, line and staff officers. The men presented a very fine appearance with their uniforms carefully brushed, the buttons gleaming like gold and the arms and equipments all in the most perfect order.

The line was formed at seven o'clock and Col. Powel drilled his command in the manual of arms and battalion tactics for about two hours before Quarter Master General Flagg arrived. Gen. Flagg made a careful inspection of the arms and equipments after which Col. Powel put the men through some more manœuvers for the entertainment of the guests. All the commands were executed with a promptness and a precision that would do credit to soldiers of the regular army.

After the formalities of the inspection and review were over Gen. Flagg addressed Col Powel and his command. He said it afforded him the greatest pleasure to be present at that time. The arms and equipments of the men were in a most creditable condition and their discipline was admirable. If time allowed he would like to give a history of the Rhode Island militia for the last five years. But it must suffice to say that it has vastly improved in that time. Its officers are better, its men are better, it is better disciplined,—the property committed to its charge is better kept. Five years ago almost all the uniforms belonged to the state. Now, in nearly all cases, each organization owns its own uniforms. The credit of this change was not due to the quartermaster general, but to the officers and men of the militia. It was due to Col. Powel as much as to any one man. It was he who proposed the system of inspections, and it was he who showed in his own command what might be done. The general closed by saying that he hoped the Newport Artillery would retain Col. Powel in command until he should be nominated for the governorship or the lieutenant governorship.

Gen. Flagg then called on Lt. Gov. Van Zandt for some remarks. The lieutenant governor began by making some felicitous allusions to the bygone days and to his boyish admiration of the Artillery. He referred to the long history of the company, its contributions to the French war, the revolution and the latter wars. He spoke more at length of the services it rendered in the Dorr rebellion and in the late unpleasantness. He paid an eloquent tribute to the worth of the officers and men who had been and are now connected with the company and closed by assuring Col. Powel that it would be no promotion for the commander of the Newport Artillery to be made lieutenant governor of the state.

Gen. Flagg then invited Gen. Chase to speak. The commander of the second brigade congratulated Col. Powel on the admirable condition of his command. The reputation of the Newport Artillery had been extended all over the state and he found that the half had not been told him. He hoped the company would not lose the services of its commander.

Col. Powel said he was no orator, but he wished to thank the speakers for their kind words, and, if half that had been said to him and his men were true, they had indeed deserved praise.

Gen. Flagg responded that no officer, especially when on duty, would dare to say what he did not believe. All that had been said about the Newport Artillery was true. Its reputation was established in every part of the state.

After some farther formalities the ranks were broken and the inspection was over.

Gen. Flagg was attended by Captain Willard of the Providence Armory. Other military guests were Brig. Gen. Burdick and staff in full uniform and Brig. Gen. Chase. Among other visitors were Lieut. Gov. Van Zandt, Mr. Henry Bull, Jr., of the city government, Captain Cotton of the coast survey, and Col. Swan, formerly commander of the Artillery.

At the close of the inspection a few invited guests proceeded in carriages to the Pelham Street House where an elegant supper had been prepared. It consisted of oysters, turkey, ice cream, tea, coffee &c. In the "supper room," the time was spent in a most social and pleasing manner, the principal feature of the occasion being "big" story telling by Gen. Flagg & Capt. Willard. At a seasonable hour the company returned.

GENERAL NEWS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON Jan 20.—The central branch of the Union Pacific Railroad have again brought their case before the judiciary committee, their purpose being to establish their right to the land and bond subsidy, from the present terminus of the road, 100 miles west of Atchison, to a point on the Union Pacific near the 100th meridian. Judge Wilson of this committe has a resolution to prohibit any further issue of bonds or land until Congress has taken final action in the matter.

THE CHIEF JUSTICESHIP.

The Senate was in executive session only a few moments to-day. The judiciary committee reported favorably on the nomination of Mr. Waite, and Senator Edmunds desired that he be confirmed at once. Mr. Sumner objected, assigning as a reason that in an office of such importance he thought it the wisest course to avoid haste. There is no doubt of Mr. Waite's confirmation. The story started that he voted for Mr. McClellan for President has been authoritatively denied.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, Jan. 19.—The News has the following from San Antonio of this date: The latest from Eagle Pass is that on Friday, the 9th instant, at Nowtown, Mexico, a boy was chased by Indians. Mexican citizens started immediately in pursuit, overtook the Indians, and after a hard fight of eight hours succeeded in killing the whole band, consisting of nine Indians and one squaw. Two of the citizens were wounded. The Indians are supposed to be Comanches from the reservation.

A despatch from Greensborough, N. C., announces the death of the Siamese twins on Saturday morning last.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Jan 19.—The new officials took possession of the capitol buildings today and Governor Coke now occupies the executive department, George Clark the office of secretary of state, and General Steele is adjutant-general. No trouble occurred.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

JANUARY SESSION AT PROVIDENCE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 20.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order by His Excellency, Governor Howard, at 11 o'clock.

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Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Harris, of Providence.

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MESSAGE OF GOVERNOR HENRY HOWARD.

To the Honorable General Assembly at its January Session, A. D. 1874.

I have the honor to submit for your consideration the following subjects of public interest:

THE STATE FINANCES.

The balance in the Treasury April 30, 1873, was	$161,759 94
Receipts from the usual sources of Revenue from April 30, 1873, till November 30, 1873, were	191,358 32
Total	$353,118 26
Total Payments till November 30, 1873	323,020 72
Leaving a balance in the Treasury, December 1, 1873.	$30,097 54

THE STATE DEBT.

The Coupon Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness outstanding April 30, 1873, were payable as follows:

Bonds of October 1, 1861, payable 1881	$500 00
Bonds of September 1, 1862, payable 1882	1,019,000 00
Bonds of April 1, 1863, payable 1883	205,000 00
Bonds of July 1, 1863, payable 1893	668,000 00
Bonds of August 1, 1864, payable 1894	746,000 00
	$2,638,500 00

The General Treasurer has purchased during the year State bonds to the amount of $75,000, reducing the State debt to $2,563,500.

STATE VALUATION.

The Board of State Valuation have completed their labors and pursuant to Chapter 295 of the Public Laws, passed at the January Session, 1873, they have submitted their report to the General Treasurer, by whom it will doubtless be presented to you. By their report it appears that the total valuation of the several cities and towns is $328,530,559, viz: real estate, $243,658,190, and personal estate, $84,872,369.

INSTITUTIONS FOR SAVINGS.

There can be no doubt that the original design of institutions of this character was to provide for people of small means and limited business experience, a safe and convenient method of investment, and thus encourage habits of frugality and economy. The primary consideration was security. While the justice and propriety of returning as large dividends as could be declared consistently with a due regard for the safety of all concerned was fully recognized, it was not contemplated that the rate of interest to be derived should be a governing inducement with depositors. It was considered that those who were disposed to look for the highest returns for their investments, and willing to incur the consequent risk, would continue to resort to less conservative organizations. How great has been the departure from the elementary and sound principles which once prevailed, you are all aware. It is not too much to say that the original order of things has been, though not universally, too generally subverted. Managing officials of savings institutions, losing sight of the true theory on which the system is based, indifferent to that more exalted and permanent reputation which results from prudent and conservative management, possibly ambitious to be regarded as sharp and brilliant financiers, have entered into an active, not to to say unseemly, competition for deposits. Risks have been taken in order to sustain abnormal dividends; and usages and restrictions which experience has shown to be necessary and wholesome, have been exchanged for dangerous innovations.

Having taken pains to confer with the representatives of many of the savings banks, I have been surprised at the accord of sentiment on these points. Not less has it been a surprise to me to find a general unanimity of desire that the General Assembly should by appropriate legislation, compel an immediate and substantial reform in these matters. It has been suggested that a maximum rate of interest on deposits should be established by law. It is the concurrent testimony of all whom I have consulted that seven per cent. per annum is as large a dividend as can be declared by savings banks consistently with reasonable safety. Managers of banks which have been conspicuous for dividends at higher rates have not only freely admitted this, but have urged the enactment of a statute prohibiting the payment of more than seven per cent. per annum on deposits.

There has been some complaint of an informal character, in regard to the custom of receiving large deposits from corporations and others. And it has been suggested that the amount which could be received by any bank from one depositor should be limited by general law. Restrictions of this kind exist in other states and are generally approved.

I learn also that in some other states there are provisions qualifying the mode of investing the deposits which operate satisfactorily and beneficently. The policy which prevails with some of our banks of sending funds into remote states for the purpose of obtaining a higher rate of interest is discouraged in most communities, and in some, absolutely prohibited.—There can scarcely be a question that the sending away of capital which is required here for the maintenance and success of the various establishments in which it has been earned, will sooner or later have a disastrous effect. I have been informed that in another state, this practice has already worked such an amount of evil, by paralyzing various forms of industry, as to cause very general alarm and complaint.

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COLLECTION OF DEBTS.

The hasty repeal of the bankrupt law by one branch of Congress, should admonish us of the necessity of an inquiry into the character of our laws for the collection of debts. The principles of the common law tolerating preferences under assignments and giving to attaching creditors liens, according to the order of attachment, though generally falling into disfavor and disuse, are recognized in our statutes. They are in contravention of the bankrupt law, and are held in abeyance by it. Our merchants have now become accustomed to the national system of insolvency, and the whole fabric of credit is based upon it. Should the bankrupt law remain in force, there would be no special necessity for any revision of our collection laws; but inasmuch as the possibility of its repeal must always exist, it seems to me advisable to bring our local statutes into nearer conformity with the principles of the general law. It is now so generally recognized that the assets of the insolvent should become, upon the occurrence of insolvency, primarily the property of the creditors, to be administered for the equal benefit of all, that few would desire a return to our exceptional system. It has been claimed that, under laws which accord a prior claim to prior attachments, greater vigilance is exercised by creditors. This is, perhaps, true; but experience has unfortunately proved that this vigilance has been generally exercised to the detriment of competing creditors, rather than for the general good. Sharp and merciless creditors have often encouraged an injudicious extension of business on the part of their debtors, trusting that their superior acuteness or their more intimate relations would enable them to step in at the right moment and secure by first attachment, perhaps upon goods bought of others, and yet unpaid for, the whole amount of their claim. A system which encourages such transactions as these, which substitutes chicanery for that honorable use of credit, which should obtain among merchants, is not to be commended at the present day. It is an humiliating fact that, a few years since, our collection laws had become so odious that our merchants were generally discriminated against in the large commercial centres. That your reflective consideration of this subject is imperatively demanded by the business interests of the state I cannot question.

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STATE FARM.

The term of Dr. Job Kenyon, one of the members of the Board of State Charities and Corrections, expired last June. Knowing the value of his service I had no hesitation in asking him to continue to occupy the position for another term.

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A change has recently been made in the Superintendent, Hugh B. Brockway having been appointed in place of Oliver S. Lovejoy. It is too recent to enable the board to express very decided opinions, perhaps, in regard to the new appointment, but the members seem to entertain very confident hopes in regard to his eminent fitness for the difficult position.

While I am unable to speak of the results at the Farm at present, I am glad that frequent observation enables me to testify to the constant interest and watchfulness displayed by the board.

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EDUCATION.

I am impressed with the conviction that this subject is one demanding the most serious and thoughtful attention whenever it is made a matter of legislation I am not aware that any special action on the part of the General Assembly is desired or expected at the present session, but I deem it my duty to remind you of the magnitude and responsible character of this work. Not only are the interests and well-being of those who are to succeed the present generation involved, but there also exist considerations of a financial character by no means unimportant. Our state and town expenditures for educational purposes are considerably in excess of half a million dollars per annum. Having had but little experience in this department, I do not undertake to judge of the necessity of so large an outlay. As by far the larger portion of this sum is raised and expended within and by the various towns, under the direction of their appropriate committees, it is reasonable to presume that the expenditure is wise and beneficent.

At my request, the Commissioner of Public Schools furnishes me with the following information:

Amount appropriated by the towns, in 1873, for school purposes, in addition to the amount expended in buildings	$304,865 81
Expended for similar purposes in 1863	99,296,43
Increase in ten years	$205,569,38
Average attendance of pupils in 1862-3	23,256
Ditto in 1872-3	22,425

The increase in the length of the school year to thirty six weeks, the increase in teachers' salaries, the improvements made in school houses and furnishings, are among the reasons for this increase in school expenditures in ten years, while the existence of a large number of private and evening schools have done much to draw from the attendance upon our public day schools. For a full discussion of these matters, and for detailed statistics concerning our public schools, you are referred to the annual report of the Commissioner of Public Schools which will be made to the General Assembly at its present session.

The State Normal School has, during the past two years, met with a very gratifying success. Its very competent board of instructors have applied themselves earnestly to their important work, and the pupils coming from all sections of the state, have diligently improved the facilities here offered for special training as teachers. I am informed that with scarcely an exception, the graduates of the school have been true to their pledge to teach in the state. My attention has been directed to the necessity of a building more suitably adapted to the purposes of the school and provided with suitable furniture. Other states have made liberal expenditures in this direction, and it is believed that to attract such pupils as will make desirable teachers, and to retain the present efficient corps of instructors, the erection of such a building cannot long be delayed. I invite your deliberate consideration of this subject as it will be presented in the report of the principal of the Normal School, embodied in the "Reports of the Board of Education and Commissioner of Public Schools."

* * * * * *

INLAND FISHERIES,

The efforts of our indefatigable and zealous Commissioners to re-establish within our borders this important source of wealth, show the most encouraging results. Shad and salmon have been placed in the Blackstone, Pawtuxet and Pawcatuck rivers, and the Commissioners hope to make arrangement with the proper authorities of Massachusetts, whereby Warren river can also be used for this purpose. Black bass have been placed in the ponds of nine towns, and the Commissioners assert the fullest confidence in their ability to stock our waters successfully with this valuable fish. The fishway at Pawtuxet has been completed and is likely to answer the purpose for which it is intended. From my personal observation. I am enabled to testify to the enthusiasm and energy of the Commissioners. I esteem it a fortunate circumstance that the services of Messrs. Brenden, Reed and Dexter were secured for this important work.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

The terms of office of members of the State Board of Pharmacy having expired on the first of July last, I appointed for the term of three years:

Albert L. Calder, of Providence; Ossian Sumner, of Providence; Wm. B. Banning, of Providence; Norman N. Mason of Providence; Bela P. Clapp, of Pawtucket; Jas. H Taylor, of Newport; Albert J Congdon, of East Greenwich.

Of this number, Messrs. James H. Taylor and Albert J. Congdon were new appointments.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 280 of the Public Laws passed at the last January Session, thirty three candidates have been selected from the nominations for state scholarships, made by the General Assembly in grand committee. The selection of these persons is left by the statute with the Governor and Secretary of State acting in conjunction with the President of Brown University. The fund is the proceeds of a grant of land donated by act of Congress, approved July 2, 1862, for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts. The grant was assigned by the General Assembly to Brown University, by whom stipulations were made for the proper application of the income. The committee in appointing to these scholarships have taken care to select such as were necessitous, and who without this aid would be unable to prosecute their studies. They have also required all applicants prior to appointment to pass a satisfactory examination, believing that without some preparation they would be unable to pursue their studies to advantage.

STATE BENEFICIARIES.

The demands of my other duties were such that I was unable to make a personal visit to the various curative institutions at which our beneficiaries are supported. At my request, Hon. J. M. Addeiman, Secretary of State, gave the matter his personal attention. His detailed report will be found in the appendix.

* * * * * *

MORAL REFORM.

The extended and frightful evils of intemperance continually force themselves upon our notice. Is it not possible to avert them or at least arrest their increase by legislation? I am decidedly of the opinion that it is. It cannot be that the whole body of our law lies prostrate at the feet of this direful parent of suffering and crime. I would not disparage the moral efforts which are exerted for individual reformation or in behalf of general reform. But it must also be insisted upon, I think, that the repression of a vice which is the confessed bane of society, which outrages decency and order on all sides, which fills our asylums with paupers and our prisons with convicts, which is dishonoring our manhood and imperilling our youth, is a proper subject for the consideration of our law givers. I cannot ignore the lamentable fact that, up to this time, arguments and penalties alike have failed to accomplish their anticipated end.

So far from accepting this as an excuse for the abandonment of the cause, I recognize it as a call to renewed, persistent and devoted effort. I am not prepared, neither do I consider it decorous, to present any definite scheme of legislation, but content myself with this expression of my confidence in the efficacy of judicious remedial laws.

In compliance with my request, the Rev. H. W. Conant, State Agent of the R. I. Temperance Union, has furnished me with some interesting statistics on this subject. They will be found in the Appendix.

HASTY LEGISLATION.

The evils of hasty legislation have become so apparent of late that, with due deference, I beg your attention to them. They are specially manifested in the acts which are passed at the May session, and in the various acts of appropriation. Familiarity with the various departments of the state government will convince any one that too much legislation results from a feeling of complaisance on the part of members, or from an indisposition to thoroughly examine a subject. It can hardly be expected, I suppose, that a member will scrutinize every application for an appropriation of the state's money as closely as he would if it were a matter of business in which he was directly interested, and yet the obligation of carefulness and watchfulness is really more binding upon him. I am convinced that the expenditures of this state are unnecessarily large, and I am equally certain that it is in consequence of a want of vigilance on the part of the legislature, that they are so. As far as I have had occasion to observe, the officials of the state are disposed to keep within the regular appropriations, and regard with disfavor the appeals to the General Assembly for extra payments. I apprehend that if they were habitually consulted by the General Assembly in regard to the claims for appropriations, the amount allowed would be less. I have learned of very large sums which have been allowed without calling for information upon any one in the department specially interested. After carefully examining the list of regular appropriations, I am compelled to say that I see no opportunity for retrenchment therein. Neither do I see any good reasons for increasing any of these amounts.

CONCLUSION.

I had intended to speak more fully upon the subject of education, and also to refer to military and other matters. But the sudden interruption of my work by ill health, compelled me to bring my message to an abrupt conclusion. As the same cause prevented the careful revision which I had intended to give it, I am constrained to ask your indulgence for its imperfections. I congratulate you upon the harmonious working of the various State Departments, and cordially welcome you to the discharge of your honorable and important duties. I trust that your mutual association during the session will be altogether agreeable and pleasant, and am confident that your deliberations will result to the honor and advantage of the state.

HENRY HOWARD.

The usual messages were interchanged between the Senate and House, announcing organization and readiness for business.

Mr. Cook, of Burrillville, offered a resolution to print 1,000 copies of the Governor's message for the use of the Senate, and to refer the same to the joint committee on executive communications. On motion of the same gentleman the message was ordered to be communicated to the House.

Mr. Powell, of Newport, gave notice that he should at some future date introduce a resolution providing an early day for the adjournment of the General Assembly; also a resolution instructing the Rhode Island delegation in Congress to act squarely against inflation of the currency in any form.

The Secretary of State submitted the annual report of the Pilot Commissioners, showing the following particulars:

Number of pilots licensed	50
Number of vessels taking pilots	497
Amount received for pilotage	$8,242 58
Amount of commissions received	494 55
Expenses paid by commissioners	65 85

Ordered printed and communicated to the House.

[His Honor the Lieutenant Governor in the chair.]

His Honor the Lieutenant Governor presented the following:

Annual returns of the state militia and Adjutant General's returns. Ordered printed and communicated to the House.

* * * * * *

Mr. Cross of Westerly presented a resolution directing the clerk to furnish each Senator with two newspapers during the session. Adopted.

Mr. Cross also presented an act in amendment of chapter 189, of the Statutes "Of Jurors and Juries," which was read and referred to the committee on the judicary.

Also an act amending chapter 245 "Of Fees and Costs in Certain Cases." Read and referred to the committee on the judicary.

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On motion of Mr. Curry of Providence, the hour of assembling each day was fixed at 11 o'clock A.M.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at eleven o'clock A. M. pursuant to adjournment at the May session, Mr. Speaker Metcalf in the chair.

Prayer was offered by Rev. H. C. Graves, of Providence.

The roll call showed sixty members present.

Mr. Charles F. Ballou was duly sworn in as recording clerk.

A message was received stating the organization of the Senate.

Mr. Miner was deputed by the Speaker, to carry a similar message to the Senate from the House.

The Speaker announced that he would not call for reports from the committees, in the absence of business before them.

Mr. Dixon gave notice that he should move the suspension for the session, of the rule requiring the call of committees on the morning of each day.

Choice of seats being next in order, Messrs. Dixon, B. C. Hill and Miner were allowed choice by general consent, after which the other members drew seats by lot.

During the progress of this business a message was received from the Senate, conveying the Governor's message and accompanying resolution to print one thousand copies of the same.

* * * * * *

After the reading, the House concurred in the resolution of the Senate referring the message and documents to the joint committee on the judiciary.

Mr. Day, of Providence, reported for the committee appointed to examine the Cranston Savings Bank, that they had examined the affairs of the concern, and recited the statement of its condition, which has been already published, together with account of the legal action taken by the committee.

Mr. Page, of Scituate, presented a petition of Narragansett Fire and Marine Insurance Co., for change of charter, reducing capital stock to $200,000. Referred to committee on corporations.

On motion of Mr. Eaton, of North Providence, the roll was called and members selected newspapers.

* * * * * *

Mr. Day, of Providence, moved to print 500 copies of the report on the report on the Cranston Savings Bank.

The House then adjourned.

LEATHER WORK.—Put a piece of sheepskin in water for a moment,—a small piece, I mean, of course; then press it in a linen cloth until the surface dries. Cut out your leaf with scissors or a sharp knife, while the skin is damp, and rein it with some pointed instrument. You can make a nice pasteboard pattern from a natural leaf. After having cut, veined, bent, and moulden your leather leaves and petals, dry them quickly. When dry, brush them over two or three with black varnish. Stems are made from strips of leather wet, and rolled over a wire; tendrils, from very narrow strips wound round a small stick; grapes, by tying bits of cotton, or wadding, peas, marbles, or any thing of the sort, into the leather with strong thread. They are fastened with wire, and great care is taken to arrange them neatly. Stained in the same manner as the leaves. The whole may be tacked or glued to the box, frame, or whatnot. I prefer the tacks as more durable and easier to manage.—[From "The Homespun Club," in Oliver Optic's Magazine.

Out of a panel of one hundred intelligent jurors in Scranton, Penn., twenty one could write their own names.

New Today.

LOST—On 11th inst., in going from Rev. Mr. Jones' church to Young street, a large squirrel Tippet. The finder will be rewarded by returning it to No. 42 Levin street. jan21-1t*

LOST.—About December 10th, a bright plush lap robe, lined with green plaid. The finder will confer a favor and be suitably rewarded by returning it to the owner. DR. H. E. TURNER. jan21-3t

WANTED.—A French or German woman to take care of a child and to sew. Best references required. Apply at 7 Catherine street. jan20-3t*

Bellevue Dramatic Club.

Peformance to take place at ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Wednesday, January 28th.

L'OMBRE & POOR PILLICODDY.

jan21

A Number of Excellent Reserved Seats For the MASQUERADE next Tuesday night, Remain Unsold and can be had of L. R. Blackman, Treasurer, at Caswell, Hazard & Co.'s where a Plan of the Seats can be seen. jan21

Amusements.

Humorous and Dramatic Readings, BY MR. A. P. BURBANK, —AT THE— OPERA HOUSE, Thursday Evening, Jan. 22, "THE BEST READER I EVER HEARD." *Robert Collyer.*

Mr. Burbank is highly recommended by Miss Charlotte Cushman, the Press of Chicago and Boston, and wherever he has given a reading he has been re-engaged.

Admission, 50 Cents. Reserved Seats, 75 Cents. For sale at the Opera House, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons, from 2 to 6.

General Admission Tickets can also be had at the Redwood Library, Taylor's Pharmacy and Lawton's Dry Goods store. jan19-4t

Banking.

Savings Bank of Newport. (Chartered 1819) No. 194 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

ASSETS, JAN. 15, 1840,	$ 77,622 10
do " 15, 1850,	139,661 97
do " 15, 1860,	795,751 84
do JUNE 24, 1873,	3,537,048 69
do JAN. 1, 1874,	3,689,115 19

BENJAMIN FINCH, President, DAVID J. GOULD, Vice President, WILLIAM H. SHERMAN, Treasurer, THOS. A. LAWTON, Assistant Treasurer, BENJ. E. HOWLAND, Secretary.

Dividends Jan. and July.

Quarters commence January, April, July and October. Deposits received and payments made daily. Bank open from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. WILLIAM H. SHERMAN, Treasurer. jan26

Rhode Island Institution for Savings. (Chartered 1866.) In Rooms of the Rhode Island National Bank, NO. 70 WEYBOSSET STREET. President—Earl P. Mason. Vice Presidents—Henry Lippitt, Frederick Burgess, William W. Hoppin. Directors—Benj. G. Paboodie, Isaac Hartshorn, Benj. Thurston, George H. Holmes, John R. Balch, William D. Hilton, S. H. Tabor, J. Lippitt Snow, Henry W. Gardiner, Benjamin C. Gladding. S. H. TABOR, Treasurer. Bank open days from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., and on Saturday evenings for deposits only, from 6 to 8 o'clock. DIVIDENDS JUNE AND DECEMBER. Deposits are placed upon interest on the first of each month. aug2

UNION SAVINGS BANK. IN PROVIDENCE. Union Bank Building, 10 Westminster Street. (Chartered 1866.) Open daily, (Sundays and Holidays excepted,) from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. President—James Y. Smith. Vice Presidents—William S. Slater, William J. King, George H. Corliss. Directors—Hezekiah Anthony, Henry B. Lyman, Samuel G. Arnold, Richard E. Hamlin, Joseph C. Johnson, Henry G. Russell, William Corliss, Elisha Dyer, Jr., John H. Congdon. JOSEPH C. JOHNSON, Treasurer and Sec'y. Money deposited on or before the 15th of any month, will draw interest from the 1st of that month. mar10-n&j

Aquidneck National Bank. AT A MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank, holden at their banking room, January 13th, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz: Thos. Coggeshall, Jos. H. Record, Thos. T. Carr, Samuel C. Bailey, Alex. T. Peckham, Robt. S. Franklin. At a meeting of the Directors of this Bank holden this day, Thomas Coggeshall, Esq., was re-elected Pre-ident, Chas. T. Hopkins, Cashier, Wm. G. Ward, Jr., Teller, and Christopher Ellery, Clerk. jan17 CHAS. T. HOPKINS, Cashier.

National Bank of Rhode Island, OF NEWPORT. AT the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, held January 13th, 1874, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz.:— W. A. Clarke, A. N. Littlefield, S. W. Macy, Frederick Tompkins, George W. Gibbs. And, at a subsequent meeting of the Directors, on the same day, W. A. Clarke, Esq., was re-elected President. T. P. PECKHAM, Cashier. Jan. 14, 1874.

One Hundred and Sixth Dividend. Savings Bank of Newport. NEWPORT, R. I., January 17, 1874. THE TRUSTEES of this institution have declared a semi-annual dividend on all deposits (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable on and after this date. jan17-1w WILLIAM H. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

French in Exchange for Board. ON ACCOUNT of the departure of Mrs. Jeanne Lepelds, who is going to spend three months in Paris, Prof. S. Lepelds would like to get his supper each day in a respectable American family, in exchange for lessons in French. Apply at No. 28 John street, or write P. O. Box 296. jan20-1w*

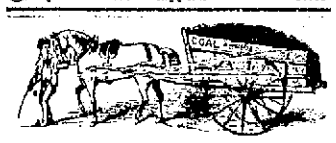
Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS To measure, made of first-class $10 imported stock, warranted good fit and wear, next door north of Gay office. GEO. H. PALMER, Successor to G. B. Reynolds. nov20

Holiday Gifts. JUST RECEIVED, a fine line of Gents' and Ladies' Slippers and warm, house shoes, just the thing for the holidays. SEABURY'S Shoe Store, 134 Thames street. dec11

Gents' French Shoes. A FRESH importation of Gents' Shoes, manufactured by Therry of Paris, both single and double soles, just received at SEABURY'S, 134 Thames street. dec11

FOR A BEAUTIFUL HOLIDAY GIFT! GO TO SEABURY'S Shoe Store and select a pair of those fine slippers. dec11



COAL AND WOOD. We have an excellent assortment of the very best qualities, and for sale at the lowest market prices. PINNIGER & MANCHESTER. FERRY MILL WHARF. January 1, 1874.

JUST DISCHARGED An excellent quality of Chestnut Coal for Base Burning Stoves. FOR SALE BY Joseph Bradford & Co., OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. Jan16

FOWLS. PARTRIDGE COCHINS, DARK BRAHMAS &C. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LEGHORN FOWLS. CHINESE PRIMROSES, OXALIS GOLDEN, CALLAS, AZALEAS, YOUNG ROSES, GERANIUMS, &C. For further information enquire at F. W. WILSON'S 79 THAMES ST. R. Wilson, Sunny Side, near the Laundry, Middletown.

1874. OLD FARMERS' ALMANAC! FOR 1874, —AT— Tilley's News Depot. jan13

Bananas, Pears, Figs, Lisbon and Malaga Grapes, NEW FIGS, NUTS, AND CONFECTIONERY. At Carry Bros'. dec27

TWO NEW Light Express Wagons FOR SALE. They are well built in every respect and will be sold low. Achilles Stevens, jan1 21 SPRING STREET.

DON'T Throw those broken Spectacles or Eye Glasses away. They can be repaired at W. MILTON FARROW'S, 26 Washington Square. Jeweler & Optician. Where repairs of all kinds are WARRANTED to suit or no pay. jan3d

Received at Ward's. A JOB LOT of 45 Reams White Wrapping Paper, which will be sold cheap for CASH. The Speaker's Commentary on Exodus, adapted to the International Questions. Price $1.50. The Dew of Youth, and Other Lectures to Young Men and Young Women, on Early Discipline and Culture, by Bishop Clark. Price $1.25. What Can She Do? By Rev. E. P. Rose; author of "Barriers Burned Away." A. J. WARD, 130 Thames Street. jan17

PLUMBING! THE SUBSCRIBERS having purchased the stock of Mr. John G. Weaver, Jr., and removed from their Old Stand, Thames Street TO THE STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY MR. WEAVER, NO. 6 MILL STREET. Inform their old friends and patrons that they attend to everything pertaining to the Plumbing business, and all work warranted. McADAM & OPENSHAW

Our Entire Stock at a DISCOUNT, From Jan. 1, 1874. During the month of January we shall make a discount of 5 cents on the dollar from all bills purchased of us, of one dollar and upwards. Our customers and the public have been an extra inducement and sure guarantee to purchase Dry Goods, cheaper than they are likely to be for years to come, for all appearances seem to indicate a rise in the values of all kinds of merchandise. GEO. TURNBULL & CO., 182 & 186 WESTMINSTER STREET, jan6 PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Auction Sales.

Government Sale. ENGINEER OFFICE, U. S. A., Newport, R. I., January 20th, 1874. WILL BE SOLD, at Public Auction (in Market square), on 14th day of February, 1874, one Bay Horse. G. K. WARREN, Maj. Engineers, &c. Jan16-0t

Notices.

Notice. IN VIEW OF CHANGES in my business relations, I hereby ask a prompt settlement of all bills up to date. All persons having claims will present them for immediate settlement. January 1st, 1874. JOHN C. STODDARD. jan5-1m

Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED have this day associated themselves in business as House and Sign Painters and Glaziers, under the name and style of John C. Stoddard & Co. The business will be continued at the old stand No. 8 Long wharf, in all its branches. JOHN C. STODDARD, ROBERT WITHERELL, GEO. W. TAYLOR. I would take this occasion to return thanks to my old customers with whom I have done business the past twenty years, and ask a continuation of the same in behalf of the new firm. JOHN C. STODDARD. jan5-1m

Notice of Co-partnership. NEWPORT, R. I. Dec. 1, 1873. THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a co-partnership for the practice of Medicine and Surgery according to the principles of Homœopathy, under the title of Stanton & Squier. N. G. STANTON, M. D. A. F. SQUIER, M. D. Office No. 6 Pelham St. Dr. Stanton's residence, No. 70 Broad St. Dr. Squier's residence, No. 13 Pelham St. dec31-1 mo.

Assignee's Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED, having received an assignment of all of the estate of WILLIAM H. WESCOTT not exempt by law from attachment for the benefit of such of his creditors, without priority or preference, as shall prove their claims and release the assignor therefrom within six months of the date of said assignment, hereby notify the said creditors to prove their claims and to execute a release of the said assignor that the said creditors may be entitled to the benefit of said assignment. dec31-1 m. STEPHEN GOULD, Assignee.

January Bills. OUR bills will all be ready for settlement on the 1st of January. All bills remaining unsettled on the third, will be presented and immediate payments expected. J. M. & G. H. POPPLE. December 29, 1873.

Annual Notice—For January, 1874. OUR bills will be all ready on the 1st of January and those not called for, will be presented immediately after the 1st, and prompt payments will be expected. WM. C. COZZENS & CO. dec26

Notice. THE subscriber having concluded to retire from the Painting Business, Offers his STOCK AND TRADE for a fair compensation to any who wish to buy. Z. L. HAMMOND. August 22.-tf

Real Estate.

FOR SALE.—A new house on "no Cliffs" one of the finest summer residences in the city. Also a large lot on Bath Road, opposite the estate of J. Winthrop Chanler.—If desired all be divided into two lots. L. D. DAVIS. jet

TO LET. The second and third floor of Hammond's block on Thames street. Contains twenty rooms, and is well adapted for a boarding house. Apply to ALFRED SMITH. dec15

PRICE REDUCED.—The C. K. Johnson cottage on Broad street near Bliss road will be sold for $7100 instead of the old price if the bargain is closed soon. L. D. DAVIS, Agt.

ROOMS TO LET.—Two pleasant rooms suitable for offices or studios, in Cottrell's Block, two doors south of Post Office.

TO LET.—Cottage No. 5 Pond avenue. Apply to ALFRED SMITH. dec15

TO LET.—Two small cottages, recently built. Apply to ALFRED SMITH. dec11

FOR SALE. House and Lot on Dixon street, for eighteen hundred dollars. Apply to ALFRED SMITH & SONS. jan14

FOR SALE.—Dwelling house with modern improvements, Spring street. Apply to L. D. DAVIS apr2.

TO LET.—First door tenement on Tanner's row for four dollars per month. Apply to ALFRED SMITH. jan

FOR SALE.—A house lot on the hill, near All Saints Chapel. Price 40 cents a foot. Also one at 75 cents. L. D. DAVIS jy8

WANTED TO RENT, A small, furnished, or unfurnished house, above spring street, and between John street and Mann avenue. Address with terms P. O. Box 157. jy3-1w*

FOR SALE.—The Johnson Cottage formerly owned by Thos. Coggeshall, on Broad street, containing 20,000 feet of land, with 100 grape vines, 100 pear trees, 200 berry vines and other fruit. Will be sold very cheap. L. D. DAVIS. jy19

Hazard, Ford & Co., Real Estate Brokers. Offer for sale—Villas and Cottages by the side, on the principal avenues, and in suburbs at prices ranging from $5,000 to and with lots containing from 5,000 square feet to acres. Many of these are bargains. ALSO—A large number of the best building lots in the Island, in situations to suit every taste, and size required, at prices ranging from 5 cents to $1.00 per square foot, and from $500 to $5000, per acre. These should be seen by everybody wanting a building site. ALSO—To let for the season—A few cottages in town and four of the most desirable country places at moderate prices. NOTICE—The services of a Notary Public can always be had at this office. jet1

Frank B. Porter, Real Estate Broker, Bellevue Avenue, near Kay Street, (Newton's Building,) - - NEWPORT, R. I. Offers for sale and to rent a number of fine Villas and Cottages in the most pleasant and desirable localities; also, unimproved Real Estate on Bellevue Avenue, Ocean Avenue, Kay street, East and West shore, and several fine farms near the city, which he will take pleasure in showing to anyone who will give him a call. jy26

The Ætna Machine COMBINES Simplicity, Utility, & Durability. IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE IT, AT 29 BROAD STREET. This favorite machine has attachments for all kinds of work, which are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly. C. BANNING, Agent, jan20-tf-n&j 29 Broad street.

SILK AND ALPACA UMBRELLAS. JUST purchased, the largest stock of Gents Alpaca and Silk Umbrellas, ever shown in the city. The Alpacas are in price from $3 to $5. The Silk from $5 to $15. They are furnished with "NOBBY HANDLES,"

Newport Daily News.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1874.

A QUEER LOVE SONG.

"Variety is the spice of life," and so some genius who supposed he was in love, has composed the following song. He calls it:—

CURIOUS SONG OF A LOVER TO HIS SWEETHEART.

Your face,	your tongue,	your wit,
So fair,	so sweet,	so sharp,
First bent,	then drew,	then bit,
Mine eye,	mine ear,	mine heart.
Mine eye,	mine ear,	mine heart,
To talk	to learn,	to love,
Your face,	your tongue,	your wit,
Doth lead,	doth teach,	doth move.
Your face,	your tongue,	your wit,
With beams,	with sound,	with art,
Doth blind,	doth charm,	doth rule,
Mine eye,	mine ear,	mine heart.
Mine eye,	mine ear,	mine heart,
With life,	with hope,	with skill,
Your face,	your tongue,	your wit,
Doth feed,	doth feast,	doth fill.
O face!	O tongue!	O wit!
With frown,	with check,	with smart,
Wrong not,	vex not,	wound not,
Mine eye,	mine ear,	mine heart.
This eye,	this ear,	this heart,
Shall joy,	shall bend,	shall swear,
Your face,	your tongue,	your wit,
To serve,	to trust,	to fear.

The lines may be read either from left to right, or from above downwards. They may also be read in various directions.

FLOWERS IN THE HOUSE.

House plants properly nurtured are great sources of interest, comfort, and pleasure; and there is no reason why all persons should not succeed in their cultivation, who will take a little pains with them.

Plenty of sunlight is the first requisite. Unless you have a window with an eastern, southern, or western exposure, your plants will not be healthy. And when placed in a good light, they must be frequently turned, so that all sides may receive it equally. Flower stands should always be on wheels, so that the plants may be turned to the sunlight without the trouble of lifting each pot separately. The temperature of the room should be 60° by day and 40° by night. Most of the thin, weak-looking plants wesse are injured by extreme heat, or the transition from heat during the day to extreme cold at night; or else they are deluged with water. Most parlor gardeners seem to have an unlimited amount of faith in hydropathy. If a plant droops, wilts, has insects, or does not grow rapidly, they flood it with cold water. Or those who are more reasonable as to the supply of water, often allow it to stand in the saucers under the pots, which causes mold on the plant, and makes the roots weak and unhealthy. Water should only be applied when the earth presents an appearance of dryness, and then very sparingly. It should never be used fresh from the pump. Rainwater is the best; but well water heated to 60° or warmed with hot water, is quite suitable. Watering of plants must be done only on sunny days, and in the morning. Injuries to plants are often caused by insects also, but these can always be easily removed by washing the plants carefully with a sponge or syringe, or by placing them under a glass and smoking out the insects by burning tobacco. This last is infallible. Kerosene should never be used: it is fatal to plants. [Cottage Hearth.

CAPT. SURMONT OF "THE VILLE DU HAVRE."

In 1870 we crossed the Atlantic in "The Ville de Paris," under the command of Capt. Surmont, who was also the captain of "The Ville du Havre" when she was lost. There was not more than one pleasant day during the voyage; and most of the time from Sandy Hook to Brest the ship was shrouded in a dense fog. Day after day, and night after night, the hoarse fog whistle sounded, but the steamer went on her way at full speed. We met a gentleman with whom we had once before crossed the Atlantic. He spoke of the peril of our situation one evening when we were off the Grand Banks in the heavy fog. "We rush ahead, and the next instant we may all go to the bottom," he said. We added, that in case of collision, it would be safer for our ship than if she stopped or "slowed down." This is the general opinion.

During the passage we saw Capt. Surmont in the cabin but once. Then he sat at the dinner table for a few moments. We never saw him "flirting with the ladies," as we have other captains; but day or night he was on the bridge. We often walked forward on the hurricane-deck in the evening, and always saw the stalwart captain at the extreme weather end of the bridge, looking out into the solid mass of fog. Other passengers who visited the deck at all hours of the night declared that he was always in the same position. He was very quiet and gentlemanly; but he was the most devoted to his duty of all captains with whom we ever sailed. We used to wonder if he ever slept at all. Our room-mate was somewhat troubled with *mal de mer*, and spent a portion of his nights on deck. He used to come into our room at all hours of the night, with the remark, "The old captain is still on the bridge."—[William T. Adams, in Oliver Optic's Magazine.

Williams' Jamaica Ginger

For relief and cure of Colds, Cholera-morbus, Summer Complaints and Indigestion. A delicious drink for hot weather. Many spurious preparations are in market. The genuine bears our trade-mark, "THE LAUGHING HEAD."
GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO., Hartford, Ct.
Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

Hotels.

Mount Vernon Hotel,
81 MONUMENT ST., BALTIMORE.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,
E. V. WESTCOTT, - - - - - - - PROPRIETOR
This Hotel stands on a commanding eminence near the Washington Monument, has large airy rooms, and is a most delightful place of sojourn. feb27

United States Hotel,
COR. THAMES & PELHAM STS., NEWPORT, R. I.
WALTER CORBETT - - - - - - PROPRIETOR
O. W. Corbett, Assistant.

Westchester House,
COR. BROOME ST., & BOWERY,
NEW YORK.
On the European Plan. Accommodations for 200 guests.
J. DARROW, PROPRIETOR.

Thames Street Restaurant.
DINNERS AND PARTIES supplied at the shortest notice.
An Assortment of Fresh Oysters Always on hand in their season. CARL HERTGEN, 94 Thames Street
Hot Oyster Pies will be for sale every afternoon during the Fall and winter months. sep1

BLACK ALPACA.
A VERY cheap lot of black Alpaca, just opened at WM. C. COZZENS & CO. sep12

Insurance.

The German American INSURANCE CO'

CAPITAL $1,000,000.

THIS Company is now represented in Newport at the agency of the undersigned, and prepared to do business at current rates.

DAILY NEWS BUILDING. L. D. DAVIS. nl

Now is the time to get your life insured in the

NORTH AMERICA
Life Insurance Co. of N. Y.

Your money secured beyond the possibility of loss, by a reserve deposit in the State Department. As but little faith can, at present, be put in banks, on account of failures, illegal bonds, and defalcations, the best and safest place for your money is in such a policy.

C. BANNING, Gen'l, Agent,
nov14-tf 28 BROAD STREET.

Miscellaneous.

Fire! Fire! Fire!

Make Sure

Against losses by fire by insuring in first class companies, and such as are fully able to meet their liabilities. The time has gone by when "one Policy is as good as another." Consider the following facts:—

THE ÆTNA, of Hartford,

is the largest Company in the United States. The Losses paid by it at the Boston and Chicago fires were greater than the combined capital of TWENTY ordinary Companies. It has paid in all over

$39,000,000,

and has now about $6,000,000, with which to offer indemnity to property holders in the future.

The Insurance Company of North America

is the Oldest Stock Company in the United States. It has Assets of $3,276,730, and has paid Losses to the amount of

$25,000,000.

The Royal, of Liverpool,

has Assets amounting to

$11,000,000.

In addition to these I have the agency of the German American, of New York, the Scottish Commercial, of Glasgow, the Hartford, of Hartford, the Orient, of Hartford and the Roger Williams of Providence.

All classes of property covered at current rates.

Dwelling houses and their contents insured AT VERY LOW RATES.

Lucius D. Davis,
DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

SCOTTISH
Commercial Insurance Co.,
OF
GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

ASSETS $4,000,000.

THE increase of my insurance business render it necessary to add another to the list of Companies represented at my agency. Determined to have none but the very best, I have secured

THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL

as worthy to stand alongside such institutions as the ROYAL of Liverpool, ÆTNA of Hartford, INS. CO OF NORTH AMERICA, Pha., HARTFORD of Hartford, &c.
☞Policies issued at current rates.
L. D. DAVIS,
oct25 Daily News Building.

G. & C. P. Hutchins,
Importers and Dealers in
CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, BRITTANNIA AND SILVER PLATED WARE.
Corner of Weybosset & Dorrance St's,
PROVIDENCE, - - - R. I.

WARD'S INK
Samuel Ward & Co., Proprietors, Boston.
FOR SALE IN NEWPORT BY
A. J. Ward.
feb17naws n-j-1yr

JOHN BURBRIDGE,
SUCCESSOR TO
Frederick Mann,
Picture and Looking Glass
FRAME MAKER.
WREATH FRAMES,
OVALS, &c.,
PASSAPARTOUTS,
ENGRAVINGS,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHINGS,
Cleaned and Varnished,
☞Old Frames Regilt, at
210 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

A. C. Titus & Co's. Column.

Tenement To Let.
NO. 161 SPRING STREET,
Next South of Gen. A. L. Burdick's residence.
APPLY TO
A. C. Titus & Co.
235 Thames Street.

For Sale!
ONE 4 1-2 FEET
FRENCH RANGE,
(Family Size,)
IN GOOD ORDER. HAS BEEN USED ONLY ABOUT THREE MONTHS.
Range cost - - $160.00.
Will be sold for - 75.00.
—AT—
A. C. Titus & Co's.,
235 THAMES STREET.

STEAM KETTLES!
Just Received a large lot of
STEAM KETTLES
ALL SIZES.
Cabbage and Vegetables of all kinds can be boiled in these Kettles free from steam or odor in the house.
Call and Purchase One at
A. C. TITUS & CO's.

Glass Shades with Stands, All Sizes, Round and Oval.
ALSO FISH GLOBES ALL SIZES, AT
A. C. TITUS & CO'S.,
235 Thames st.

Bird Cages!
Brass and Painted Cages, all sizes, round and square.
At A. C. Titus & Co's., 235 Thames street.

Nice Sleds for $1.00 each.
Nice Sleighs for 75c. each.
—A—
A. C. TITUS & CO'S.,
235 THAMES STREET
A. C. TITUS, T. W. FREEBORN. }

James H. Clarke's Column.

James H. Clarke,
NO
3 & 4 Cottrell's Block,

Keeps a larger assortment of articles for the HOUSEKEEPER,
Than can be found elsewhere in the city.
Said goods consist of

Stoves,
Crockery,
China &
Glass Ware,
Plated & Britannia Ware,
Tin, Hollow & Earthen Ware.

I AM SELLING GOOD
COOK STOVES,
Cheap for Cash!

The balance of my PARLOR STOVES
WILL ALSO BE DISPOSED OF AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Those Glass Shades for covering anything you desire to keep from the dust, can be found in all sizes at
The Branch Store,
2 Washington square.

NOTICE!
Newport, January 8.
Parties having accounts at both my stores will save much inconvenience if they will call and settle them at the stores from which contracted and from which the bills are sent forth.
JAMES H. CLARKE,
3 and 4 Cottrell's Block,
No. 2 Washington square.

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED.
A profitable and respectable business for men or women who have or can make leisure time and wish to convert it into money. For circulars address STAR LAMINA WARE, 60 Beekman street, N. Y. dec23-4w

FOR
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness,
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
USE
Wells' Carbolic Tablets.
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
Sold by Druggists. dec24-4w

DR. PIERCE'S ALT. EXT. GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY
cures all Humors from the worst Scrofula to a common Blotch or Pimple. From two to six bottles are warranted to cure Salt Rheum or Tetter, Pimples on Face, Boils, Erysipelas and Liver Complaint. Six to twelve bottles, warranted to cure Scrofulous Swellings and Sores and all Skin and Blood Diseases. By its wonderful Pectoral properties it will cure the most severe recent or lingering Cough in half the time required by any other medicine and is perfectly safe, loosening cough, soothing irritation, and relieving soreness. Sold by all Druggists. R. V. PIERCE, M. D., World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y. dec23-4w

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA FACTS SWORN TO
DR. J. P. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, perfected Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871.
F. A. OSBOURN, *Notary Public, Phila.*
We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Phila., &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila. for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by druggists.
dec23-4w

$78 A WEEK TO AGENTS. Fastest selling articles out. Three valuable samples for ten cents. J. BRIDE, 767 Broadway, New York. jan8-4w

MAGNIFICENT NEW BIBLE SUCCESS
One man just cleared $90 in 4 days, selling the COMPLETE DOMESTIC BIBLE, just out. New type and taking features. 800 Engravings, superior paper. Excels every way and sells quick. Big terms to Agents. Outfit free. For full particulars, address HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 53 Washington street, Boston jan8-4w

"CAMPHORINE,"
The Greatest Discovery of the Age for the relief and cure of Rheumatism, chronic and acute, Sprains, Bruises, Pain in Chest, Back, or Limbs, Stiff Joints, Strains, Glandular Swellings, Inflammation, Neuralgia, Bunions, Catarrh, &c. Will not grease or stain the most delicate fabric, which makes it a luxury in every family. Try it and be convinced of its great merit. Price 25 cents per bottle. REUBEN HOYT, Prop'r., 203 Greenwich street, N. Y. ja8-4w

The Highest Medical Authorities of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is
JURUBEBA.
It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen. Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., N. Y. ja8-4w

$2500 A YEAR made with our splendid COMBINATION PROSPECTUS
It represents Sample Pages and Style of Binding of 50 intensely interesting and useful books, that SELL in every family. Best thing ever tried by Canvassers. AGENTS WANTED to make a permanent business on these Works. Send $1.50 for Prospectus, the only outfit needed, choose territory and commence at once. For Illustrated Circulars and Liberal Terms, address JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Pubs., Philad'a, Pa. ja8-4w

Posters,
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Bill Heads,
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Bank Checks,
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DEPOSIT BLANKS,
VISITING CARDS,
DANCE PROGRAMMES.
AND EVERY OTHER KIND OF
PRINTING
That can be mentioned, done to order in the highest style of the art.
Good Presses!
NEW & MODERN TYPE
And every needed facility at the
News Steam Printing Rooms.
☞Favorable terms offered to Societies and others arranging for Exhibitions and Amusements.
DAVIS & PITMAN,
PROPRIETORS.

Miscellaneous.

ESTABLISHED, 1812.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS,
—AND—
Furnishing House.
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
No. 72 and 74, Thames Street,
NEWPORT, R. I.

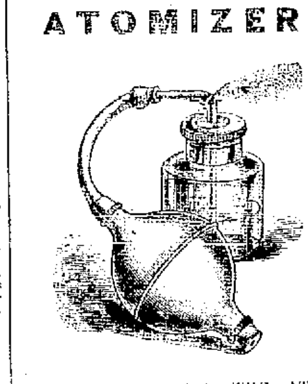
Have always on hand one of the largest and most carefully selected retail stocks of
FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
To be found in New England; comprehending every article required in family use; and of the best quality, at reasonable prices.

Special Departments are assigned to Dress Silks, Dress Goods, Mourning Goods, Shawls Sacks and Cloaks, Laces and embroideries, Hosiery and Gloves, Ribbons and Trimmings, Staple and Domestic Goods, Fancy Goods and Notions.

The 2d and 3d floors are very spacious and furnished with a very choice and large stock of
BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY, INGRAIN, AND DUTCH VENETIANS, HALL AND STAIR CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, DOOR MATS, DRUGGETS, STRAW MATTINGS, RUGS,
And everything pertaining to a first-class Carpet Warehouse.
With skilled Upholsterers.

OUR ARRANGEMENT FOR
HOUSE FURNISHING
Is not surpassed by any other establishment in any city; in Drapery Goods, Chintz, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Loops, Tassels, Cornices, every variety of Curtains and Lambrequins, Window Shade and Fixtures, Table and Bed Linen, Towels and Toweling, Quilts, Blankets, Comforts and almost everything required in Dry Goods House Furnishing, (all of which are made up) and put up in the most elegant manner in the latest styles.
WALLS COVERED WITH CHINTZES, &c.
Also a separate department for
HOUSE PAPERS,
In every grade, with Borders, Mouldings and decorations, with experienced hands to apply them.
Our own people, and strangers visiting Newport, will be sure of finding as great a variety of all the needful or fashionable articles that may be required, as cheap as can be purchased in any city. feb27

Holiday Present.
ESSEX'S IMPROVED
No. 5 Nickel Silver ATOMIZER.



AN APPARATUS FOR THE ATOMIZATION OF LIQUIDS FOR INHALATION, ODORIZING OR FACE BATHS, AND FOR PERFUMING
AND DISINFECTING THE SICK ROOM.
It also constitutes a perfect Douche for Bathing the Head, Sensitive Eyes, Painful Surfaces, Burns or Inflamed Sores. By this Atomizer, a single drop of perfume is converted into numberless minute particles which fill the surrounding air with fragrance. The toilet of no lady or gentleman is complete without this instrument.
Under Patent Aug. 23, 1859, & June 27, 1871.
Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1872, by James J. Essex, in the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington.
☞Sent by mail, post paid, to any part of the country on receipt of $1 60.
ADDRESS
TAYLOR'S PHARMACY,
191 THAMES STREET,
dec24-1m Newport, R. I.

Bell-Hanging
—AND—
LOCKSMITHNG,
—AT—
C. E. GRAVES
69
SPRING STREET.

Iron in the Blood

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Vitalizes and Enriches the Blood, Tones up the System, Builds up the Broken-down, Cures Female Complaints, Dropsy, Debility, Humors, Dyspepsia, &c. Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. Caution.—Be sure you get the right article. See that "Peruvian Syrup" is blown in the glass. Pamphlets free. Send for one. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston, Mass. For sale by druggists generally.
sept29-eod-eow

HOME AGAIN.
Having rebuilt our store which was destroyed by fire in May last, are now open with an entire new stock of FIRST CLASS
FURNITURE
AND
INTERIOR DECORATIONS.
Many of our goods have been purchased at PANIC PRICES and will be sold correspondingly cheap.
CHAMBER SETS
At "Lower Prices" than ever before offered. A great variety of goods for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
All of which will be sold at Extremely Low Prices. de 16 6s

Travelers' Directory.

American Steamboat Co
NEWPORT AND PROVIDENCE.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT
To commence Saturday, Nov. 1st, '73.
On and after SATURDAY, Nov. 1st, 1873, and until further notice, the steamer "CITY OF NEWPORT" will leave Newport for Providence at 8 a. m., daily, (Sundays excepted). Will leave Providence for Newport at 3 p. m.
Fare 75 cents each way.
oc31 P. MARRAN, Superintendent

Newport and Providence.
Via Old Colony & Newport with
Fall River, Warren & Providence Railroad.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, June 3, 1872, trains will run as follows: Leave Newport for Providence 7:20 a m and 3:?? p m. Leave Providence for Newport, 7:15 a m and 4:?? p m. Leave Fall River for Warren and Providence, 7:?0 and 8:50 a m and 2:13, 4:30 p m. Leave Fall River for Bristol, 7:25 a m and 4:16 p m. Leave Providence for Fall River, 7 15 a m and 1:00, 4:30, 6:?0 p m. Trains arrive at Providence from Newport, 10:?? a m and 5:?? p m. Trains arrive at Newport from Providence, 11:15 a m and 7:15 p m. N. L. Harris, Supt. je3

Jamestown and Newport Steam Ferry.
TIME TABLE:
ON and after Friday December 12 1873, and until further notice steamer JAMESTOWN will run between Jamestown and Newport, touching at Fort Adams, as follows: Leave Jamestown, 6.30, 8.45, 9.15 a. m., 1, 4.?? p. m. Leave Newport, from Ferry wharf, 7, 10.15, 11.?? a. m., 3 and 5 p. m., or on arrival of Providence boat.
SUNDAYS,
Leave Jamestown, 9 a. m., and 4 p. m.
Leave Newport, 10 a. m., and 5 p. m.
☞FARE TO FORT ADAMS, 10 CENTS.
sep30

Newport to New York.
CABIN $4.00. DECK $3.00.
The Narragansett Steamship Co.'s first-class steamers OLD COLONY, Commander B. M. Simmons, and NEWPORT, Commander A. G. Simmons, will leave Newport on alternate days, (Sundays excepted).
Steamer OLD COLONY will leave Newport on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and steamer NEWPORT, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 8.30 p. m., or on arrival from Fall River.
Freight taken at reduced rates, and delivered with promptness and despatch.
State Rooms secured at office on Long wharf.
JAY GOULD, President.
A. D. BACON, Superintendent.
For further particulars apply at office on Long Wharf.
J. B. BRAYTON, Agent.
dec20

Old Colony Railroad.
Winter Arrangement.
ON AND AFTER DEC. 8th, 1873, trains will run as follows:
Trains leave Newport for Boston, Portsmouth Grove, Bristol Ferry, Coal Mines, Tiverton, Fall River, Bowenville, Weir Junction, Taunton, No. Easton, So. Braintree, 7.15 a. m., and 2.50 p. m.
Trains leave for Myricks, Middleboro', Cape Cod and Fairhaven, at 2.50 p. m.
Trains leave for New Bedford, at 7.15 a. m., and 2.50 p. m.
Trains leave for Providence, at 7.15 a. m., and 2.50 p. m.
Trains leave Boston, at 8.45 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.
Trains leave So. Braintree, at 9.26 a. m., and 4.5? p. m.
Trains leave N. Easton, at 9.55 a. m., and 5.25 p. m.
Trains leave Taunton, at 10.22 a. m., and 5.51 p. m.
Trains leave Weir Junction, at 10.25 a. m., and 5.55 p. m.
Trains leave Somerset, at 10.58 a. m., and 6.19 p. m.
Trains leave Bowenville, at 11.02 a. m., and 6.39 p. m.
Trains leave Fall River, at 11.07 a. m., and 6.45 p. m.
Trains leave Tiverton, at 11.1? a. m., and 6.55 p. m.
Trains leave Bristol Ferry, at 11.2? a. m., and 7.0? p. m.
Trains leave Coal Mines, at 11.29 a. m., and 7.05 p. m.
Trains leave Portsmouth Grove, at 11.35 a. m., and 7.10 p. m.
Trains leave Bridgewater, at 9.?? a. m., and 4.50 p. m.
Trains leave Middleboro', at 9.10 a. m., and 5.02 p. m.
Trains leave Myricks, at 10.01 a. m., and 5.38 p. m.
Trains from Boston and Way Stations arrive at 11.50 a. m., and 7.25 p. m.
Freight train leaves for Boston and Way Stations at 6.00 a m; arrives at 7.00 p m.
dec6 J. R. Kendrick, Supt.

PATENT
PARABOLA SPECTACLES,
Constructed in accordance with the Philosophy of Nature.
ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE ORGANS OF SIGHT, AND AFFORDING ALTOGETHER THE BEST ARTIFICIAL
Help to the Human Vision.
The Parabola Glasses can be used for the greatest length of time, either by day or night, with perfect ease, (when selected to suit the state of the eyes) and never cause that giddiness of the head, or unpleasant sensation to the eyes that many experience from using the common kind, but tend to strengthen and improve the sight.
[From the Rev. Thomas Potter, Norwich, Conn.]
Having used a pair of the Parabola Spectacles, I am fully persuaded of their superiority over every other kind, and am confident that the best recommendations are impartial trials. THOMAS POTTER.
[From the Hon. Isaac Hill, late Governor of New Hampshire.]
I have used the Parabola Spectacles for the last three years; and with eyes prematurely injured by severe catarrh for more than forty years, I and them unsurpassed, especially in night reading. ISAAC HILL.
[From M. G. Kerr, M. D., Norristown, Pa.]
I do most willingly bear my testimony in favor of the superiority of the Patent Parabola over all other kinds of Spectacles. They are constructed upon the best established and understood principles of Optics, and their adaptation to the human Eye in its different conditions of vison is so perfect as to render sight easy without effort. In my opinion, no others should be used, since the Eyes once used to these do not seem to grow old, and by having a focus at any point of the surface they appear to restore the eyes to their youthful energy. M. G. KERR, M. D.
[From Isaac Heister, M. D., Reading, Pa.]
I have for several years worn the Patent Parabola Spectacles, and have found them decidedly superior to the Spectacle glasses heretofore in use.
ISAAC HIESTER, M. D.
☞Should the focus of these Glasses, after making trial of them, be found not adapted to the sight, purchasers are particularly requested to have them changed until suited.
FOR SALE IN THIS CITY BY
WM. R. PITMAN.
jan3 Sole Agent.

By All Odds the Best.

THE WAKEFIELD Earth Closet, Commodes Earth Chamber Pails and Covers, Prices from $2.75 to $10.
CHAS. A. WAKEFIELD, Pittsfield, Mass., Dealer and Manufacturer.
Brown Goddard & Barlow
Agents,
132 Thames St., Newport, R. I.
Send for pamphlets, or call and examine. feb-d&w

Florists.

Smith & Butler,
Landscape Gardeners, Florists, &c.,
Bellevue Avenue, Newport.
Bouquets, Baskets, Cut Flowers and Choice Plants. Gardens laid out and kept in order by the day, month or year.

Newport Exotic Gardens,
(Cor. Spring and Dearborn Streets, Newport, R. I.)
THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully inform their patrons an, the public generally that they are prepared to furnish their old customers and those visiting Newport, with a superior style of Boquets, Baskets, Wreaths, Cut Flowers, &c. A fine collection of Rustic Stands and Baskets; also, Wire Stands and Plants suitable for Vestibules. Also, Rustic Chairs and Settees for Lawns, Piazzas, &c. We will be pleased to see all who may favor us with their custom at our new store, Cor. Bellevue Avenue and Levin St., and at the Garden, cor. Spring and Dearborn Sts, where we have done business for the past 26 years. Thanking our old patrons for their flattering patronage in the past, we hope to merit a continuance of the same.
ap10 Galvin & Geraghty

CARPETS.
SEVERAL pieces of those Ingrain ... opened this day. Also a fine stock of Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrains, selling at the lowest prices, at WM. C. COZZENS & CO. 10p28